



North America EHS Committee Meeting Summary and Minutes

NA Standards Spring 2013 Meetings 4 April 2013, 0900 – 1600 Pacific Time SEMI Headquarters in San Jose, California

Next Committee Meeting

SEMICON West 2013 Thursday 11 July 2013, 0900 – 1600 Pacific Time San Francisco Marriott Marquis in San Francisco, California

Table 1 Meeting Attendees

Italics indicate virtual participants

Co-Chairs: Chris Evanston (Salus Engineering), Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG)

SEMI Staff: Paul Trio

Company	Last	First	Company	Last	First
Applied Materials	Karl	Edward	Nikon Precision	Greenberg	Cliff
ASML	Planting	Bert	Product EHS Consulting	Brody	Steve
ESTEC	Mills	Ken	Salus	Evanston	Chris
IBM	Petry	Bill	Salus	Visty	John
IBM	Schmidt	Jeff	Seagate Technology	Layman	Curt
Intertek, GS ³	Rai	Sunny	Tokyo Electron	Hoshi	George
Intertek, GS ³	Ergete	Nigusu	Tokyo Electron	Mashiro	Supika
KLA-Tencor	Crane	Lauren	Tokyo Electron	Fessler	Mark
KLA-Tencor	Crockett	Alan	TUV SUD America	Prasad	Ron
Lam Research	Claes	Brian	Ultratech	Green	Paul
Lam Research	Hughes	Stanley			
Lam Research	Kryska	Paul	SEMI	Trio	Paul
Lam Research AG	Larsen	Sean	SEMI	Baliga	Sanjay
Macklin & Associates	Macklin	Ron	SEMI Japan	Kanno	Hirofum

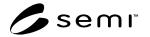




Table 2 Leadership Changes

Group	Previous Leader	New Leader
NA EHS Committee	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	
FPD Safety System Liaison Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Carl Wong (AKT)	
S2 3.3 Limitations Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Lauren Crane (KLA-Tencor)	
	Cliff Greenberg (Nikon)	
S6 Revision Task Force	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	
S13 Support Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	
S22 Revision Task Force	Ed Guild ()	
S25 Revision Support Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	

Table 3 Ballot Results

Passed ballots and line items will be submitted to the ISC Audit & Review Subcommittee for procedural review.

Failed ballots and line items were returned to the originating task forces for re-work and re-balloting.

Document #	Document Title	Committee Action
	* * * Cycle 1, 2013 Voting Period * * *	
4316I	Line Item Revision to SEMI S2-0712a, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment, and SEMI S22-0712, Safety Guideline for the Electrical Design of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment	
Line Item 1	Fail-to-safe Equipment Control Systems Revision	Failed and returned to task force.
5521	Reapproval of SEMI S1-0708E, Safety Guideline for Equipment Safety Labels	Failed and returned to task force.
5522	Reapproval of SEMI S6-0707E, EHS Guideline for Exhaust Ventilation of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment	Failed and returned to task force.
	* * * Cycle 2, 2013 Voting Period * * *	
4683B	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2-0712a, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Delayed Revisions Related to Chemical Exposure Criteria	
Line Item 1	Delayed Revisions Related to Chemical Exposure Criteria	Failed and returned to task force.
5000C	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2-0712a, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Addition of Related Information to S2: Selection of Interlock Reliability (In Delayed Effective Date Format)	
Line Item 1	Addition of Related Information to S2: Selection of Interlock Reliability (In Delayed Effective Date Format)	Passed with editorial changes.
5357A	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2-0712a, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Delayed Revisions Related to Optical Radiation	
Line Item 2	Delayed Revisions Related to Optical Radiation	Passed with editorial changes.





Table 4 Authorized Activities

#	Туре	SC/TF/WG	Details
5590	SNARF	NA EHS Committee, 5-Year Review	Reapproval of SEMI S14-0309, Safety Guidelines for Fire Risk Assessment and Mitigation for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
5591	SNARF	International Fire Protection TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Delayed revisions related to fire code criteria
ТВА	SNARF	S2 Non- ionizing Radiation TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment Delayed revisions related to non-ionizing radiation

TBA – to be announced

Note: SNARFs and TFOFs are available for review on the SEMI Web site at:

http://downloads.semi.org/web/wstdsbal.nsf/TFOFSNARF

Table 5 Authorized Ballots

#	When	SC/TF/WG	Details
5590	Cycle 3, 2013	NA EHS Committee, 5-Year Review	Reapproval of SEMI S14-0309, Safety Guidelines for Fire Risk Assessment and Mitigation for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
4316J	Cycle 3, 2013 (or C4-13)	S22 TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment, and SEMI S22, Safety Guideline for the Electrical Design of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment Revisions related to clarifying the FECS criteria of S2 and S22
TBA	Cycle 3, 2013 (or C4-13)	S2 Non- ionizing Radiation TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment Delayed revisions related to non-ionizing radiation
4683C	Cycle 4, 2013	S2 Chemical Exposure TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment Delayed Revisions Related to Chemical Exposure
4449E	Cycle 4, 2013	S2 Ladders & Steps TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Revisions related to stairs, ladders, platforms, and fall protection
5009B	Cycle 4, 2013	Ergonomics TF	Delayed Line Items Revisions to SEMI S8, Safety Guidelines for Ergonomics Engineering of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
5591	Cycle 4, 2013	International Fire Protection TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Delayed revisions related to fire code criteria

TBA – to be announced

1 Welcome, Reminders, and Introductions

Sean Larsen called the meeting to order at 9:05 AM. Attendees introduced themselves. The SEMI meeting reminders on Standards membership requirement, antitrust issues, intellectual property issues, and effective meeting guidelines were presented. Finally, the agenda was reviewed.

Attachment: 01, SEMI Standards Required Meeting Elements





2 Review of Previous Meeting Minutes

The committee reviewed the minutes of the previous meeting held November 1 in conjunction with the NA Standards Fall 2012 meetings.

Motion: Approve as written

By / 2nd: Cliff Greenberg (Nikon Precision) / Brian Claes (Lam Research)

Discussion: None

Vote: 11-0. Motion passed.

Attachment: 02, NA EHS Fall 2012 meeting (November 1) minutes

3 Leadership and Liaison Reports

3.1 Europe EHS Committee

Bert Planting reported for the Europe EHS Committee. Of note:

- Leadership: Bert Planting (ASML), Tom Pilz (Pilz GmbH)
- Next meeting: SEMICON Europa, October 2013
- Existing Activities: 2 EHS Standards published by European committee
 - o SEMI S10 (risk assessment)
 - o SEMI S25 (hydrogen peroxide)
- SEMI S25 revision ballot adjudicated at SEMICON Europa 2012 (Dresden)
- New RI to SEMI S2 (interlock reliability, #5000C) balloted in Cycle 2-13. Received a lot of negatives.
- New Activities
 - o S10 reapproval ballot for Cycle 4, 2013. To be adjudicated at SEMICON Europa 2013.
 - Plan STEP programs on Interlock reliability after approval of Document 5000C.
- SEMI staff contact: Yann Guillou (yguillou@semi.org)

Additional Discussion:

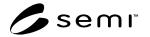
- Bert Planting clarified that the EU EHS Committee plans to issue a reapproval ballot for S10.
- Lauren Crane asked whether there will be teleconferences scheduled to discuss changes/updates to S10. Bert Planting responded that no teleconferences are scheduled since, with reapprovals, the Document will be sent out as is.
- Bert Planting also clarified that the STEP programs planned once Document 5000C is approved will be webbased training.

Attachment: 03, Europe EHS Committee Report

3.2 Japan EHS Committee

Supika Mashiro reported for the Japan EHS Committee. Of note:

- Next meeting: April 18 during the Japan Spring Meetings 2013 (SEMI Japan office, Tokyo)
- S13 Revision TF
 - Doc. #4976C (S13 revision) passed committee and procedural reviews. Published as S13-0113. TF will be disbanded after translation into Japanese has been completed.





- S17 Revision TF
 - Doc. #5353 passed committee and procedural reviews. Published as S17-0113. TF will be disbanded after translation into Japanese has been completed.
- S18 Revision TF
 - TF currently has no activity.
- S23 Revision TF
 - Document #5513 (S23 revision) was submitted for Cycle 2-13 voting period and will be reviewed on April 18 meeting.
- FPD System Safety Task Force
 - o TF currently has no activity.
- Seismic Protection Task Force
 - New SNARF (#5556) on S2 revisions related to section 19. The first draft document has been completed and is being reviewed by TW and NA EHS Technical Committee co-chairs and members. TF will discuss and improve Document based on feedback received.
- Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emission Characterization Task Force
 - O Discussing the promotion and practical use of SEMI S29 (Guide for F-GHG Emission Characterization and Reduction).
- STEP Planning Working Group
 - SEMI S2 STEP held on November 22 at the SEMI Japan office (Tokyo) attracting 89 attendees.
- · Other activities
 - EHS Standards Program, "Trend of the current Safety Demands SEMI Safety Guidelines comparison with Major Safety Standards" was held on December 5 during SEMICON Japan 2012 attracting 47 attendees.
- SEMI staff contact: Naoko Tejima (ntejima@semi.org)

Attachment: 04, Japan EHS Committee Report

3.3 RSC / Committee Leadership Report

Sean Larsen provided the cochairs report. Of note:

- Eric's Status
 - SEMI staff and NA RSC determined that Eric (Sklar) is no longer a co-chair for NA EHS due to the 3 strikes rule and requirement for committee chairs to be TC Members
 - We need to reassign the NA RSC alternate voting member Chris Evanston is the primary

Motion: The NA EHS Committee nominates Sean Larsen as the Alternate voting member for NA EHS at the NARSC.

By / 2nd: Cliff Greenberg (Nikon Precision) / John Visty (Salus)

Discussion: Supika Mashiro reminded the committee that if Sean Larsen is the presiding chair for the NARSC, he would be

unable to vote for NA EHS. Sean pointed out that he can hand over the vote to Chris.

Vote: 11-0. Motion passed.





- Regulations & Procedure Guide
 - There have been two revisions of the Regulations and the Procedure Guide since the last meeting set
 - Regulations 28 November 2012
 - Procedure Guide 3 December 2012
 - Regulations 19 March 2013
 - Procedure Guide 28 March 2013
 - The last revisions were to address
 - I&C concern for XML schema files
 - A recent appeal

[SEMI Staff Note: See section 3.5 of these minutes for details on the Regulations and Procedure Guide changes.]

- PG Change Proposal related to Line Items and "Major Revisions
 - 3.4.2.5 Other Limitations Use Line Items only to make small, specific changes that do not affect any section of the Standard(s) or Safety Guideline(s) not included in the Line Item. The use of Line Items is not permitted for major revisions to published Standards or Safety Guidelines; these must be balloted as a single unit. (see § 3.5 for major revisions.)

- 3.5 Major Revisions
- 3.5.1 Major revisions are substantial changes to the text of published Standards or Safety Guidelines for the purpose of updating the Standard or Safety Guideline, modifying its application, clarifying the language, or correcting errors. As a practical matter, a major revision is one that:
 - Requires more than 10 line items
- Involves technical revisions to the title (including change of Standard's Subtype), purpose, scope, limitations, or any other section that affects the overall Standards Document.

- 3.5.1.2 *Major revision vs. Line Item* To resolve whether a revision to a published Standard(s) or Safety Guideline(s) is a 'major revision' or can be balloted as multiple Line Items, TC Chapter cochairs and TF leaders should review the purpose and scope of the Standard(s) or Safety Guideline(s) being revised and the nature and extent of the revisions themselves. If the proper resolution is not obvious, the Letter Ballot should be issued as a major revision.
 - To summarize the request: it is to allow more flexibility for the TC to determine what is appropriately a line item change.
- Standards Webinars
 - As both an outreach tool, and to provide a method to capture information and make it easier to reuse, SEMI is looking to develop webinars
 - Topics to include:
 - Standards process training
 - Specific or family of standards description or training similar to a STEP





- Outreach materials to attract new members
- O There will be a review process that is still being developed to ensure that the webinars are a consensus opinion and not one person's opinion
- o The length of the bio and advertising should be limited
- o Format is largely open as long as it supports the clear presentation of the material
- We are looking to develop some pilot webinars to work out the kinks in the process
 - Overview of a standard, advertising of a new standard, delving into a technical issue are all possibilities
 - Interested parties should contact either Sean or Paul

Additional Discussion:

- Sean Larsen expressed concerns with regard to the recent Procedure Guide revision on the distribution of draft ballots by authors/TF leaders to all TF members 7 days prior to Letter Ballot submission. Chris Evanston asked whether rejects can be submitted against a ballot based on this recent Procedure Guide change. Paul Trio clarified that this is a recommendation only. Its goal is to establish TF consensus. Paul commented that while the decision would be up to the Audits & Reviews (A&R) Subcommittee during procedural review, an author or TF leader can defend his/her actions by showing proof that efforts were made to circulate the draft among the TF members prior to ballot submission. It was also pointed out that it is the TF leader's responsibility, not SEMI staff, to manage and maintain the TF distribution list (Procedure Guide, ¶ 6.4.4.3). Lauren Crane asked whether the same practice would be followed for reapproval ballots. Supika Mashiro pointed out that TFs are not needed when issuing reapproval ballots.
- With regard to the *Line Item vs Major Revision* proposal, Lauren Crane asked how section numbering is managed as additions/deletions are implemented. Sean Larson responded that SEMI Publications updates the section numbers during final processing. Ron Macklin also asked whether updates to terminology are considered major revisions. Supika Mashiro pointed out that in some cases, terminology may only affect certain sections of the Document. She added that, ideally, line item ballots should include the related sections, but, in practice, can be overwhelming for TFs. Chris Evanston commented that this committee, generally, has no issues with the Regulations because everything is documented. Finally, Ron Macklin pointed out that it is difficult to explain these Regulations and Procedure Guide to most people, especially new members. He asked staff to find a way to make the Regulations and Procedure Guide language clearer.
- With regard to webinars, Sanjay Baliga asked whether partnering with other organizations have been considered. Sean Larsen responded that while that is certainly a possibility, the main focus of the webinar project at the moment is on working out the kinks.

Attachment: 05, Leadership Report

3.4 SEMI EHS Division Report

Sanjay Baliga reported that the SEMI EHS Division has formed an interest group for 450 mm wafer manufacturing where one area of topic is on 450 EHS. Sanjay plans to work with the G450C on this effort.

Sanjay also reported that he is planning for a 450 EHS forum at SEMICON West. He pointed out that the 450 EHS working group (WG) will liaise with the EHS Standards Committee for standardization topics, but expects that the WG will have other discussions not related to standards.

Furthermore, Sanjay informed the committee that an Electrical Safety WG has been formed. He clarified that the WG will not address standards, but will focus on activities of interest to SEMI members.

Finally, Sanjay stated that the listing of EHS programs at SEMICON West can be found at: www.semiconwest.org (under Sessions/Events > EHS). He recognized that the EHS Division will have events that will conflict with the





EHS Standards meetings. He stated that staff is working to minimize, if not avoid, such conflicts, but will be inevitable.

Additional Discussion:

Alan Crockett expressed concern that these schedule conflicts at West between EHS Division and EHS Standards programs puts a strain on the already limited resources. He sees EHS Division programs as competition as they take people away from the EHS Standards meetings.

3.5 SEMI Staff Report

Paul Trio gave the SEMI Staff Report. Of note:

- 2013 Global Calendar of Events
 - SEMICON Singapore (May 7-9, Marina Bay Sands)
 - SEMICON Russia (June 5-6, Moscow)
 - o Intersolar Europe (June 19-21; Munich, Germany)
 - o Intersolar NA (July 8-11; San Francisco, California)
 - o SEMICON West (July 9-11, San Francisco, California)
 - o SEMICON Taiwan (September 4-6, Taipei)
 - o SEMICON Europa (October 8-10; Dresden, Germany)
 - o PE2013 Plastic Electronics Exhibition and Conference (October 8-10; Dresden, Germany)
- NA Standards Spring 2013 Meetings
 - o Committees meeting at SEMI Headquarters (San Jose)
 - 3DS-IC | EHS | Facilities & Gases | HB-LED | Information & Control | Liquid Chemicals | MEMS/NEMS | Metrics | PIC (TC only) | PV/PV Materials | Traceability
 - o SEMI thanks Intel (Santa Clara) for hosting the PIC (TFs only) and Silicon Wafer meetings
- Upcoming NA Meetings
 - NA Compound Semiconductor Materials Committee (May 15 in conjunction with CS MANTECH; New Orleans, Louisiana)
 - NA Standards Meetings at SEMICON West (July 8-11; San Francisco Marriott Marquis Hotel in San Francisco, California)
- Technical Ballot Critical Dates for SEMICON West 2013 Meetings
 - O Cycle 3: due April 17 / May 1 May 31
 - Cycle 4: due May 20 / June 1 July 1
- Revised SEMI Standards Regulations (March 2013 Revision)

Major Items Included in this Revision:

- o Addition of a new category called Complementary File.
- o Its relationship to other types of material explicitly related to a Standard or Safety Guideline is presented in the following table.





TYPES OF OTH	ER PUBLISHED	Relationship to Standard or Safety Guideline		
AN EXPLICIT R	FION WITH ELATIONSHIP TO AFETY GUIDELINE	Official Part	Not Official Part	
How Published	Conjoined to S or SG	Appendix	Related Information	
Tiow I dollared	Not conjoined to S or SG and not in .pdf	Complementary File	Various Materials	

Required Actions by TC Chapters

- TC Chapters must take action on Standards that reference files in formats other than pdf (e.g., XML schema, WDSL, xls)
- All non-pdf files published prior to March 2013 Regulations are Various Materials.
- TC Chapters must decide if non-pdf files are required for implementation of the Standard, and if so, TC Chapter must issue a ballot to make the non-pdf files "Complementary Files".

<u>SEMI Staff Note</u>: Recommended wording for Complementary Files and Various Materials provided in the report. See attachment information at the end of this section.

Minor Items in Regulations revision:

- Some editorial changes have been made for improved clarity and better consistency with the Procedure Guide and Style Manual
 - Clarifying the voting/nonvoting designations for members of committees
 - Defining MR as the acronym for Minority Report
 - Defining Program as shorthand for SEMI Standards Program
- Procedure Guide Revision (March 2013)
 - Revision for consistency with the revised Regulations changes.
 - The PG revision also included:
 - Definition of Complementary Files
 - Addition of TFOF as Appendix 2
 - Addition of recommendation for author and/or the TF leader to distribute draft ballot to all TF members 7 days prior to Letter Ballot submission.
 - Goal is to establish TF consensus. Can also be done via TF meeting that all members were notified of.
- Revised SEMI Standards Regulations (November 2012 Revision)

Major Items Included in this Revision:

- o Global TC Structure (RTC/LTC to TC Chapters under a Global Technical Committee)
 - All regional and local technical committees become chapters of a global technical committee and have equal standing and responsibilities with regard to their functions in it, regardless of their administrative tie with a RSC
- o Formation and Disbandment of Global Technical Committee





- o Formation and Disbandment of TC Chapter under existing Global Technical Committee
- Elimination of Regional Standards
- o IP Section (§ 15)
 - Exit mechanism from LOA in limbo
 - Clarification and additional guidance on Letter of Intent (LOI)
 - Restructuring the section in chronological order
 - From approval of activity to discovery after publication
- Redefine Supplementary Materials
 - Remove Appendices from "Supplementary Materials"
 - Redefine "Other Supplementary Materials" as "Various Materials"
 - Not official content of the Standard or Safety Guideline
 - Part of a standard but is published separately
- Miscellaneous Items
 - Response to NARSC re: clarification of "published"
 - (\P 8.3.2.2) and voting by interest (\P 7.2.3)

Minor Items:

- o Add definitions to the Regs from PG (or create definition in the Regs)
- o Consistent use of terms such as SEMI Standards Program, Standards Document
- Updated section and paragraph references
- Numerous editorial changes
- Future Tasks for the ISC Regulations Subcommittee
 - Virtual Meetings
 - Identify key concerns/issues
 - infrastructure, language, approval process.
 - Benchmark other SDOs
 - Official Liaisons with other SDOs
 - D liaisons for IEC and ISO
 - o Redefine Interest Categories of TC Members
 - Currently based on IC, include PV/FPD/MEMS
 - o Inclusion of regulatory requirement in SEMI Standards / Safety Guidelines
- Standards Publications Report
 - January 2013 Cycle
 - New Standards 9, Revised Standards 3, Reapproved Standards 0, Withdrawn Standards - 0





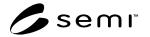
- o February 2013 Cycle
 - New Standards 0, Revised Standards 8, Reapproved Standards 0, Withdrawn Standards 0
- o March 2013 Cycle
 - New Standards 0, Revised Standards 3, Reapproved Standards 2, Withdrawn Standards 0, Total in portfolio 871 (includes 93 Inactive Standards)
- Global Activity Report (details provided in the report):
 - o Current task forces
 - Active SNARFs
 - By Region
 - By Region, SNARF type (e.g., New Standard, Revision, Reapproval)
 - Ballots
 - By Region, year (2011, 2012, 2013 [YTD])
 - By Region, ballot type (e.g., New Standard, Revision, Reapproval)
 - By Committee
- Standards Usage Interview
 - o Looking for details on how standards are actually used:
 - Development/Engineering
 - Procurement
 - Manufacturing
 - Interview should take less than 30 minutes contact James or any Standards staff
- The Official SEMI Standards LinkedIn Group
 - o http://www.linkedin.com/groups/Official-SEMI-Standards-Group-1774298/about

Additional Discussion:

• Alan Crockett asked whether there are any current activities in the Facilities Committee. He stated that a lot of Facilities documents are out of date. Paul Trio responded that the committee has been performing 5-year review on existing documents and may have been having difficulties finding volunteers. Paul also mentioned that the committee is working on a guide for building information modeling (BIM). Alan asked Paul to add him to the Facilities Committee distribution list.

Action Item: 2013Apr #01, Paul Trio to add Alan Crockett to the Facilities Committee distribution list.

Attachment: 06, SEMI Staff Report





4 Ballot Review

- 4.1 Document # 4316I, Line Item Revision to SEMI S2-0712a, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment, and SEMI S22-0712, Safety Guideline for the Electrical Design of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
- 4.1.1 Line Item #1: Fail-to-safe Equipment Control Systems Revision

Tallies at Close of Voting

Voting Return Data		Acceptance Rate Data	
Voting Interest Returns	55	Voting Interest Accept Votes (VIAccept)	39
Total Voting Interests	89	Interest Reject Votes (IReject)	4
Voting Interest Return %	61.80%	Approval % [VIAccept / (VIAccept + IReject)]	90.70%
Other Returns (Intercommittee, etc.)		# of Interest Rejects that Need to be not found Valid for	
	36	Final Approval % >= 90%	0
Total Votes	91		
Total Votes with Comments	3		
Total Reject Votes	4		

Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp	Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp
DNS: Naokatsu Nishiguchi	DNS	2		Lam Research: Tou Vang	LAM	2	
KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane	KT	13		Sokudo: Eiji Nakatani	SKDO	2	

#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
T-4	11.6.2	Negative:	(Select 1)	Withdrawn by Subm. (Date:)	
		It is not clear which item "has been evaluated at test" – the FECS or the safety interlocking sytem Proposed Solution: Clarify this point Technical	Not related Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive Reason: Replace "which" with ", and the FECS" as an editorial change due to the context of the rest of the sentence, specifically, the interlocking system cannot be evaluated as a device separate from the SME. EC2 Chris – RNP – the editorial change avoids the ambiguity and addresses the concern. 2nd Mark F	Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new business Assigned to:	
				By/2nd: Disc:	





Comments

Company: Submitter	ID	#	Company: Submitter	ID	#
KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane	KT	1			
Tokyo Electron: Mitsuju Nambu	TEL	1			
Projects: George Rutherford	PROJ	1			

Followup Activity Authorization Move to:

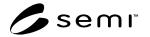
x_Return ballot to the originating task force for rework
x_and authorize a follow-up ballot
Transfer ballot to the (name) task force for rework
and authorize a follow-up ballot
Discontinue work on ballot.

By/2nd: Sean Larsen / John Visty

Disc:

Vote: 11-0. Motion passed

07, 4316I LI 1 Compiled Responses Attachment:





4.2 Document # 5521, Reapproval of SEMI S1-0708E, Safety Guideline for Equipment Safety Labels

Tallies at Close of Voting

	Acceptance Rate Data	
55	Voting Interest Accept Votes (VIAccept)	47
89	Interest Reject Votes (IReject)	2
61.80%	Approval % [VIAccept / (VIAccept + IReject)]	95.92%
	# of Interest Rejects that Need to be not found Valid for	
36	Final Approval % >= 90%	0
91		
2		
2		
	89 61.80% 36	55 Voting Interest Accept Votes (VIAccept) 89 Interest Reject Votes (IReject) 61.80% Approval % [VIAccept / (VIAccept + IReject)] # of Interest Rejects that Need to be not found Valid for 36 Final Approval % >= 90%

Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp	Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp
KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane	KT	12					
Lam Research AG: Sean Larsen	LMAG	2					

# Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Fina
MAG 6.5	SEMI S1 6.5 states <i>Durability</i> – Safety labels should have a reasonable useful life. Determination of reasonable useful life should take into consideration the expected life of the product and the intended environment of use. Similarly, SEMI S2 10.2 (and copied by S26) require labels to be durable and suitable for the use environment. Neither of these criteria provides clear guidance or evaluation criteria for label durability. Suggestion / Justification ANSI/UL 969 is one certification standard related to label durability. ISO 17398 is another such standard defining label durability requirements. S1 should be modified to either reference these external requirements or provide some evaluation criteria for durability requirements. My preference is	(Select 1)Not relatedNot persuasive (assumes related) X_Related & persuasive Reason: Layman – RP – there should be a durability spec 2nd Breder 3-2		





	W	= Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	Persuasive, RP = Related and Persua	sive, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
				Sean Larsen clarified that the intent is not to have ISO certified labels, but more on guidance on basic tests that need to be considered for different types of environments. S2 or S1 do not provide guidance on this. Sean explained that he does not intend to have normative content, but more informative.	
				Tou Vang (Lam Research) asked whether guidance is needed on the label adhesive or the label itself. Sean responded, "all of the above."	
				It was also pointed out that there are requirements on the type of materials used for these labels. Disc: Vote: 7-4. Motion passed	
				Significance finding/method: (select 1) Not significant by agreementNot significant by motionSignificant by % of NP vote (>10%)Significant by agreementSignificant by motion	
				By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	

Comments

Company: Submitter	ID	#	Company: Submitter	ID	#
ASML: Bert Planting	ASML	2			
Cymer: Byron Yakimow	CYMR	1			

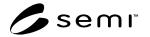




Followup Activity Authorization

Move to:
\underline{x} Return ballot to the originating task force for rework
and authorize a follow-up ballot
Transfer ballot to the (name) task force for rework
and authorize a follow-up ballot
Discontinue work on ballot.
By/2nd: Chris Evanston / Ron Macklin
Disc: Vote: 9-0. Motion passed

Attachment: 08, 5521 Compiled Responses





4.3 Document # 5522, Reapproval of SEMI S6-0707E, EHS Guideline for Exhaust Ventilation of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment

Tallies at Close of Voting

Voting Return Data		Acceptance Rate Data	
Voting Interest Returns	55	Voting Interest Accept Votes (VIAccept)	42
Total Voting Interests	89	Interest Reject Votes (IReject)	5
Voting Interest Return %	61.80%	Approval % [VIAccept / (VIAccept + IReject)]	89.36%
Other Returns (Intercommittee, etc.)		# of Interest Rejects that Need to be not found Valid for	
	36	Final Approval % >= 90%	1
Total Votes	91		
Total Votes with Comments	1		
Total Reject Votes	5		

Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp	Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp
KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane	KT	8		TUV Rheinland: David Sexton	TUVR	1	
QSES: Tomokatsu Sano	QSES	15		Lam Research AG: Sean Larsen	LMAG	5	
TUV SUD: Glenn Holbrook	TUVS	10					

#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Fina
T-2	6.3.1	Negative:	(Select 1)	Withdrawn by Subm. (Date:)	
		S6 is not limited in scope to consideration	Not related		
		of "process chemicals" (see, for example,		Move to find this negative: (select 1)	
		5.2.49). Therefore this section is	Related & persuasive	Not related (requires reason, follow)	
		inappropriately narrow.	Reason:	Committee new business	
				Assigned to:	
		Proposed Solution:	Lauren motion / Glenn 2nd; to find related	_ ` ` ` ` ` ` ` '	
		Change to the effect of	& persuasive	x Related & persuasive (ballot fails)	
				Reason:	
		should be compatible with the	By/2nd: Crane / Holbrook		
		substances of concern specified by the		By/2nd: John Visty / Bert Planting	
		SME supplier"		Disc:	
			8-0	Vote: 10-0. Motion passed	
		l Technical			
		Technical		Significance finding/method: (select 1)	
				Not significant by agreement	
				Not significant by motion	
				Significant by % of NP vote (>10%)	
				Significant by agreement	
				Significant by motion	
				By/2nd:	
				Disc:	
				Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





Comments

Company: Submitter	ID	#	Company: Submitter	ID	#
Lam Research AG: Sean Larsen	LMAG	1			

Followup Activity Authorization

Move to:
x_Return ballot to the originating task force for rework
_x_and authorize a follow-up ballot
Transfer ballot to the (name) task force for rework
and authorize a follow-up ballot
Discontinue work on ballot.
By/2nd: John Visty / Bert Planting
Disc:
Vote: 12-0. Motion passed

Attachment: 09, 5522 Compiled Responses





- 4.4 Document # 4683B, Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2-0712a, *Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment*. Delayed Revisions Related to Chemical Exposure Criteria
- 4.4.1 Line Item #1: Delayed Revisions Related to Chemical Exposure Criteria

Tallies at Close of Voting

Voting Return Data		Acceptance Rate Data	
Voting Interest Returns	52	Voting Interest Accept Votes (VIAccept)	26
Total Voting Interests	83	Interest Reject Votes (IReject)	8
Voting Interest Return %	62.65%	Approval % [VIAccept / (VIAccept + IReject)]	76.47%
Other Returns (Intercommittee, etc.)		# of Interest Rejects that Need to be not found Valid for	
	27	Final Approval % >= 90%	6
Total Votes	79		
Total Votes with Comments	3		
Total Reject Votes	10		

Rejects/Negatives							
Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp	Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp
AMAT: Edward Karl	AMAT	5					
DNS: Ryosuke Imamiya	DNS	2					
KLA-Tencor:							
Alan Crockett	KTA	1					
Lauren Crane	KTB	10					
Lam Research:							
Brian Claes	LAMA	3					
Tou Vang	LAMB	6					
Lam Research AG: Sean Larsen	LMAG	5					
TEL: Mitsuju Nambu	TEL	3					
TUVSUD: Glenn Holbrook	TUVS	3					
TUV Rheinland: David Sexton	TUVR	1					





	V	W = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasi	ive, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
		Negative The sentence does not make sense and seems to contain some inconsistencies: 1. If no method that meets 23.5.1.1 is known, how can one select from one of the methods of "these paragraphs" (23.5.1.1)? 2. It seems inconsistent to instruct someone to select "the most sensitive method that meets the criteria, other than sensitivity, of these paragraphs". It's not clear why "other than sensitivity" was inserted in this sentence.	(Select 1) Not relatedNot persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason:		
		Revise this sentence to clearly identify what the Task Force is intending to communicate and, if applicable, include an exception to the concentration criteria.		Significance finding/method: (select 1) Not significant by agreement Not significant by motion Significant by % of NP vote (>10%) Significant by agreement Significant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	

Comments

Company: Submitter	ID	#	Company: Submitter	ID	#
AMAT: Edward Karl	AMAT	2	QSES: Tomokatsu Sano	QSES	2
KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane	KTB	4			

Followup Activity Authorization

Move to:

<u>x</u> Return ballot to the originating task force for rework

x and authorize a follow-up ballot

__Transfer ballot to the (name) task force for rework

__and authorize a follow-up ballot

___Discontinue work on ballot.

By/2nd: Sean Larsen / John Visty

Disc:

Vote: 8-0. Motion passed

Attachment: 10, 4683B LI 1 Compiled Responses





11, Edited 4683B Ballot

- 4.5 Document # 5000C, Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2-0712a, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
- 4.5.1 Line Item #1: Addition of Related Information to S2: Selection of Interlock Reliability (In Delayed Effective Date Format)

Tallies at Close of Voting

Voting Return Data		Acceptance Rate Data	
Voting Interest Returns	52	Voting Interest Accept Votes (VIAccept)	35
Total Voting Interests	83	Interest Reject Votes (IReject)	6
Voting Interest Return %	62.65%	Approval % [VIAccept / (VIAccept + IReject)]	85.37%
Other Returns (Intercommittee, etc.)		# of Interest Rejects that Need to be not found Valid for	
	27	Final Approval % >= 90%	3
Total Votes	79		
Total Votes with Comments	1		
Total Reject Votes	6		

rejects/1 (egatives							
Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp	Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp
AMAT: Edward Karl	AMAT	2					
KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane	KT	5					
Lam Research: Brian Claes	LMRC	7					
Lam Research AG: Sean Larsen	LMAG	12					
QSES: Tomokatsu Sano	QSES	1					
Sokudo: Eiji Nakatani	SKDO	2					





Negatives from < AMAT: Edward Karl >

	W = Withdrawn, $NR = Not Related$, $NP = Not Persuasive$, $RP = Related$ and $Persuasive$, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$						
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final		
AMAT -N1	7.1.1	Negative Section A2.1 of ISO 13849-1 explicitly limits the estimation of risk arising from a failure of a safety function to only "Severity	(Select 1) Not related X Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive	Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow)			
		of Injury S1 and S2". The statement in R1-7.1.1 has been	Reason: Was unclear due to the extra wording Make an editorial change 1 to remove (e.g., if it were to fail).	Committee new businessAssigned to: _x_Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: Concerns of the negatives addressed as editorial changes (see EC #1) By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc:			
				Vote: 7-0. Motion passed Significance finding/method: (select 1) Not significant by agreement Not significant by motion Significant by % of NP vote (>10%) Significant by agreement Significant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed			





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasiv	ve, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
AMAT-N2	R1-2	Negative Table R1-2 is not consistent with Table 7 of ISO 13849-1. The intersecting cell between "Low" MTTFd, Category "3" and "Medium" DCavg should be "c" (not "d"). Proposed Solution: Correct the inconsistency.	(Select 1)Not related X_Not persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: Correct should be c Editorial change 2		
x_V	alid (in	ition of this reject: cludes at least one significant negative)	C d nt -:: (5)		
No	t valid	(all negatives withdrawn, found not related	, or found not significant)		





Negatives from < KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane >

	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee: Final
KT-1	5.1	"the design strategy to eliminate hazards of main body of this document should be followed." Does not make sense. Proposed Solution: Clarify this phrase. Editorial	Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive Reason: Editorial change 3, clarified second sentence: From: When a risk is identified that a designer would like to mitigate (e.g., typically an S10 risk-ranking of Medium or higher) the design strategy to eliminate hazards of main body of this document should be followed. To: When a risk is identified that a designer would like to mitigate the SEMI S2 design strategy to eliminate hazards or control risks should be followed.	Move to find this negative: (select 1) _Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new business Assigned to:x_Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: Concerns of the negatives addressed as editorial changes (see EC #3) By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc: Vote: 7-0. Motion passed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreementNot significant by motionSignificant by wo of NP vote (>10%)Significant by motionSignificant by motion





	V	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	P_{S} , $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
	<i>Ref.</i> 5.2	Negative including Justification Negative "Ready" is an odd termination term. "Ready" for what? Proposed Solution: Change to "Finished" or "End" or "Stop" or something similar. Editorial	(Select 1)Not relatedNot persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: Changed from "ready" to "no further risk reduction required" Editorial change 4	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
				By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	W = Withdrawn, $NR = Not Related$, $NP = Not Persuasive$, $RP = Related$ and $Persuasive$, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$						
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final		
KT-3		There are too many grammatical errors. For me, 5 is too many. Here are 9 I found quickly. There may be more.	1 Editorial abanga 5				





	Į	W = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	e, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
KT-4	7.1.3 Note	Negative I do not agree that "and/or" should be read as "and" in one place and "or" in another. This is inconsistent, and contrary to the generally accepted meaning of "and/or" Proposed Solution: Delete this note Technical	(Select 1)	Discussion: Motion: Flip the content of the note and the main text. (see EC#22) By/2nd: Chris / Mark Vote: 6-2	
				Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





Negative Telected' is applicable to all the parenthetical terms, but appears in only one. Not related Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new business Assigned to: Not parsuasive (requires reason) Related & persuasive Not Available (< 60%), Low (≥60% < 90%), Medium (≥90% - <99%), and High (≥9% detected). Not related (requires reason) Related & persuasive (requires reason) Related & pers	# Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
	_	Negative "detected" is applicable to all the parenthetical terms, but appears in only one. Proposed Solution: Put 'detected' in each parenthetical term.	(Select 1)Not related XNot persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: R1-1.1.1 Make editorial change 11 for clarification: R1-1.1.2 from R1-1.1.3 The DC _{avg} has four levels: Not Available (< 60%), Low (≥60% − <90%), Medium (≥90% − <99%), and High (≥99% detected). R1-1.1.4 To R1-1.1.5 The DC _{avg} has four levels of detection: None (< 60%), Low (≥60% − <90%), Medium (≥90% − <99%), and High (≥99% detected).		
Final disposition of this reject: x Valid (includes at least one significant negative)	^	5			





Negatives from < Lam Research: Brian Claes >

	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMRC -1		The subject of this RI is "Selection of Interlock Reliability", but there are no requirements in SEMI S2 Section 11 ("Safety Interlock Systems") dealing with the need to select interlock reliability (except indirectly by reference in Clause 11.6.1 addressing FECS). Consequently, this Related Information document is not related to the overall Section 11 ("Safety Interlock Systems") of SEMI S2 so the Purpose statement needs to be revised to clarify which clause or requirement in S2, if any, it is related to. Recommendation: Revise the RI title and purpose paragraph to state that its purpose is to provide discussion/comparison of standards related to FECS safety systems described in S2 Clause 11.6.1 (and 12.2.2 Exception 2 if EMOs are desired to be in the scope of the revised RI). Additionally, all clauses in the RI addressing interlocks in the context of SEMI S2 need to be revised to restrict scope to FECS applications.	Reason: The intention of this RI is just pointing engineers to existence of the standards. The standards are essential to prove the reliability needed in several other standards or CE marking Need to decide if this reference Make an editorial change to link it to section 11.6.1 Motion: negative is related, not persuasive 3-6 Make change in the scope of RI to refer to SEMI S2 FECS Editorial change 12 Replace safety interlock with a safety function Editorial change 13	Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new businessAssigned to:X_Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: Concerns of the negatives addressed as editorial changes (see EC #12 and #13) By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc: Vote: 5-0. Motion passed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreementX_Not significant by motionSignificant by agreementSignificant by agreementSignificant by motion By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc: Vote: 8-0. Motion passed	





V	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	S, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$	
# Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMRC R1-1.1 -2 R1-1.1 NOTE R1-4.1 Table R1-1 R1-7.1 R1-7.3	Safety Related Parts of Control Systems (SRP/CS) and Safety Interlocks are not synonymous yet there are a number of places in the RI where the lines between the two are so blurred that it's apparent we're treating them as if they were the	Not related X Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive Reason: Submitter agreed that this issue is addressed with the changes purposed by LMRC1		





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	P_{S} , $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMRC -3		Interlocks are not limited to protecting people. See SEMI S2 Clause 11.2, etc. Clause 11.2 specifically states that interlocks are used where appropriate to protect personnel, facilities and the community. Recommendation: 'Revise to align with the normative part of SEMI S2.	Not related	Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new businessAssigned to:x_Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: Concerns of the negatives addressed as editorial changes (see EC #7) By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc: Vote: 7-0. Motion passed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreement _x_Not significant by motionSignificant by agreementSignificant by motionSignificant by motion	





	V	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	S, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMRC -4		The normative requirement in S2 requires mitigation for the top 2 severity classifications (Cl. 6.5). Additionally, "Low" risks not meeting the criteria for "Conforms to the Performance Criteria" also require mitigation (Clauses 8.3.4.3 and 8.3.4.4). Recommendation: 'Revise to align with the applicable requirement in SEMI S2 (Cl. 6.5, 8.3.43 to 8.3.4.5)	Related & persuasive Reason: Removed "(e.g. typically an S10 risk-ranking of Medium or higher)" because it not cover all situations See editorial change 3	Move to find this negative: (select 1) _Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new businessAssigned to:x_Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: Concerns of the negatives addressed as editorial changes (see EC #3) By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc: Vote: 7-0. Motion passed Significance finding/method: (select 1) _Not significant by agreement x_Not significant by motionSignificant by wo of NP vote (>10%)Significant by motionSignificant by motion	





	W = Withdrawn, $NR = Not Related$, $NP = Not Persuasive$, $RP = Related$ and $Persuasive$, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$					
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final	
LMRC -5	Figure R1-1 R1-5.1	"Interlocks and "other type of risk mitigation" are rarely mutually exclusively implemented as driven by the second decision block. Most interlock systems backup other safeguards and controls. Recommendation: 1. Revise logic flow to address cases where multiple risk reductions measures are used the protect against a given risk and provide guidance on how the effectiveness of other types of risk mitigation impact the selection of safety interlocks and their reliability. 2. Revise last sentence of R1-5.1 from "If the mitigation scheme is done by" to "If the mitigation scheme includes" 3. Revise R1-4.2 to change "Safet interlock systems are used reduce the risk of harm to" To "Safety interlock systems are used as one of a variety of means to reduce the risk of harm to"	Not persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: 1. Update chart editorial change 14 2. Changed 5.1 the SEMI S2 design strategy to eliminate hazards or control Editorial change 3 3. Added in the note of fig R1-1 Editorial change 5			





	W = Withdrawn, $NR = Not Related$, $NP = Not Persuasive$, $RP = Related$ and $Persuasive$, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$					
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final	
LMRC -6		section as to whether application of ISO 13849-1 to an interlock system would result in one or more non-compliant findings even if the interlock otherwise fully complied with the pormative requirements.	Solved by LMRC1			





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasiv	e, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
	S2 Clause s 11.6.1, 12.2.2 Except ion 2	Doc 5000B, but if the RI is to be legitimately considered related we should be able to identify the relevant requirement in S2 that would point to the RI. Recommendations: Add a new NOTE under existing NOTE 39 (Clause 11.6.1) and NOTE 44 (Clause 12.2.2 Exception 2) to the effect of: "Related Information XX provides additional information on electronic safety systems."	Not related _X_Not persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: No action, future work on SEMI s2		
Vali	id (inc	ition of this reject: ludes at least one significant negative) d (all negatives withdrawn, found not relate	d. or found not significant)		
			··, ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··		





Negatives from < Lam Research AG: Sean Larsen >

	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	P_{o} , $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
EMAG -1	After R1-1.1	Unless the goal is to state the S2 compliant interlocks the industry has been using are inadequate and the industry should be moving to everything being SIL certified components and circuits, the idea of this note seems to be rather important. Suggestion / Justification Reformat the note into a regular paragraph such as below: "R1-4.1.1 Both the terminology and the circuits referenced are not consistent between SEMI S2 section 11 and the documents referenced in this RI. The SEMI S2 safety interlock may be all or only a part of the circuits that are referenced by these other standards and discussed in this RI, depending on the circuit design that is chosen."	but not a requirement. Several changes were made that will improve the document No further action	x Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new businessAssigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreementNot significant by motionSignificant by % of NP vote (>10%)Significant by motionSignificant by motion	





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = N	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	e, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMAG	R1-4.3 & most of docum ent	Be consistent. Either use the acronym (SIS), or don't (my preference). Jumping back and forth just causes confusion. I believe this could be addressed as an editorial change.	(Select 1)Not relatedNot persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: Problem removed by remove SIS by replace by safety function (editorial change 13)	x_Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new business	





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasi	ive, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMAG		It is unclear if the term "this document" refers to the document under discussion (S10) or the document that this ballot is trying to be placed in (S2). Suggestion / Justification Clarify so that people that are not that familiar with the two documents will understand.	(Select 1)Not relatedNot persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: Clarified see Editorial change 3	x_Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new business Assigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason) Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1) Not significant by agreement Not significant by motion Significant by % of NP vote (>10%) Significant by motion Significant by motion Significant by motion Significant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	



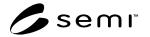


	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	e, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMAG		The phrase "provide guidance that may be used as criteria" is problematic to begin with, and it even worse in an RI. Also see LMAG4 Suggestion / Justification Suggest changing to something like "the referenced standards provide guidance that can be used as justification that the safety interlock system design adequately reduces the risk.	Not related Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive Reason: Modified second sentence added "adequately reduces the risk"., Editorial change 3	x_Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1)Not related (requires reason, follow)Committee new businessAssigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreementNot significant by motionSignificant by % of NP vote (>10%)Significant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionBy/2nd:Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	e, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
LMAG		The phrase "a new risk assessment should be carried out to verify the risk has been sufficiently mitigated" looks an awful lot like evaluation criteria that is inappropriate for an RI. Suggestion / Justification If this statement is referring to the S10 process, it should clearly indicate this, preferably with a reference to the appropriate section(s) of S10.	Not related	x Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new businessAssigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreementNot significant by motionSignificant by % of NP vote (>10%)Significant by agreementSignificant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasiv	P_{e} , $NS = Not$ Significant, $S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
LMAG -8	in Figure R1-1	risk" is incomplete and not very informative. Suggestion / Justification Suggest replacing the first statement with	Select 1) Not related X Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive Reason: Section already change in Editoral change 5, changed from reliability to design requirements	x_Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1)Not related (requires reason, follow)Committee new businessAssigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreementNot significant by motionSignificant by % of NP vote (>10%)Significant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	V	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
# LMAG -9	Ref.	Negative including Justification It is unclear what is intended to be communicated with this table, and with some of the redundancy in columns, it gives impressions that I don't believe are accurate (such as 62061 is better for systems and 13849 is better for components). Suggestion / Justification As a first guess, I would suggest the	TF Finding and Reason (Select 1) Not related X Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive Reason: a. No action, can find more info in section 3 b. Agree, but remove one remark on 61508 to typical use		Final
		following changes: a) Indicate the subparts of the standards ISO 13849 & IEC 61508 as shown ISO 13849: Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems Part 1: General principles for design Part 2: Validation b) Delete the remarks column c) Flip columns two and three d) Take another look and edit as appropriate to support the intended purpose.	c. No action d. Done, includes edt ti safety function Editorial change 16	Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1) Not significant by agreement Not significant by % of NP vote (>10%) Significant by agreement Significant by motion Significant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	V	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, $RP = \frac{Related}{R}$ and $\frac{R}{R}$	ive, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
LMAG	K1-1	The term PLC is undefined and depending on interpretation could be referring to two different things in the adjacent cells. Suggestion / Justification Use terminology that will be interpreted consistently.	(Select 1) _Not related _Not persuasive (assumes related) _Related & persuasive Reason: Added see Editorial change 16	x_Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1)Not related (requires reason, follow)Committee new businessAssigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreement	
				Not significant by motionSignificant by % of NP vote (>10%)Significant by agreementSignificant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	e, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding and Reason	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final
LMAG	7.3, R1- 7.4.1 & R1- 7.4.4	I don't believe these paragraphs will be readily understandable without a little guidance on what the different architectures are. Suggestion / Justification Either add some basic information to explain the different categories and monitoring discussion such as a simplified version of Figure 9 and 11 from 13849-1.	(Select 1)Not related X_Not persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: Correct, it is an introduction, an if people want to know more they should get training or read the standard itself. No action		





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive	NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMAG		Last sentence, an "iteration" of what is necessary? Suggestion / Justification Modify to clarify, possible with ", then a design modification or other changes in the risk control measures is considered necessary."	Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive Reason: Iteration is meant reconsider what the original base line was and it still applicable maybe add or editorial change 17 the review the original starting points are still applicable Proposed change: If this is not the case, then a design modification and re-evaluation of the achieved performance level is necessary	x Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1) _Not related (requires reason, follow) _Committee new business _Assigned to: _Not persuasive (requires reason) _Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1) _Not significant by agreement _Not significant by % of NP vote (>10%) _Significant by agreement _Significant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not Related	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasiv	e, NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
# LMAG -13	Table R1-2, second note	If there is a purpose for the first two sentences in this note it is unclear. Suggestion / Justification Either delete the first two sentences and modify the last sentence so that it is clear the comparison is between 954-1 and 13849-1 (which seems worthwhile to indicate due to familiarity) or clarify the intent of the first two sentences.	(Select 1) Not relatedNot persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: the baseline architectures of EN 954 are still used in the 13849 (table 7) Find where to place this (section 3 or beginning or end of section 7. Now located at the end of section 7 No action?	x_Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1)Not related (requires reason, follow)Committee new businessAssigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason)Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1)Not significant by agreementNot significant by motionSignificant by % of NP vote (>10%)Significant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motionSignificant by motion By/2nd: Disc:	rinat
ĺ				Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	





	И	V = Withdrawn, NR = Not Related, NP = Not	ot Persuasive, RP = Related and Persuasiv	$NS = Not \ Significant, \ S = Significant$	
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
LMAG -14	Table R1-7 Note	Which levels are referred to with "For these levels"? Suggestion / Justification If you are referring to the items marked as #1, then delete the word "Note:" and	(Select 1) Not relatedNot persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: Editorial change 18 #1 to #1: so it becomes clear that it defines #1	Motion and Reason in Committee: x_Withdrawn by Subm. (Date: April 4, 2013) Move to find this negative: (select 1) _Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new business Assigned to:Not persuasive (requires reason) _Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed Significance finding/method: (select 1) _Not significant by agreement _Not significant by motion _Significant by wo f NP vote (>10%) _Significant by motion	Final
		ition of this reject: cludes at least one significant negative)		By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed	
Not	Valid	(all negatives withdrawn, found not related,	or found not significant)		





Negatives from < QSES: Tomokatsu Sano >

# R	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
QSES 1		It seems that the description in R1-7.1.2 shows an overview of PLr required for SRP/CS that is combined with other protective measures, but the overview would be difficult to understand through reading it alone, unless readers have the knowledge for the requirements defined ISO 13849-1. Meanwhile, ISO 13849-1 provides the readers with a better guidance with use of not only texts but also figure (Figure 2 in ISO 13849-1).	(Select 1) _Not related X_Not persuasive (assumes related) _Related & persuasive Reason: Agree, this is why this RI is make to point people to the standards and trainings No further action in this RI		
Final disp	•	tion of this reject: ludes at least one significant negative)			





Negatives from < Sokudo: Eiji Nakatani >

	W = Withdrawn, $NR = Not Related$, $NP = Not Persuasive$, $RP = Related$ and $Persuasive$, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$							
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final			
SKDO-I		It is difficult to understand relation between	This RI is only related to the interlock standards and not to provide a complete					





" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	ersuasive, RP = Related and Persuasive,	NS = Not Significant, S = Significant	
# Ref. Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final
Reason / Justification Relation between risk tree of ISO 13849-1 and the risk matrix of SEMI S10 is not clear.	Not related _Not persuasive (assumes related) Related & persuasive (son: w chart is very clear. They are not ct related, SEMI S10 is used for risk mation and as a check if a precaution is ficient. action	Move to find this negative: (select 1) Not related (requires reason, follow) Committee new business Assigned to: x_Not persuasive (requires reason) Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: The flow chart is very clear. They are not direct related, SEMI S10 is used for risk estimation and as a check if a precaution is sufficient. By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc: Vote: 6-0. Motion passed Significance finding/method: (select 1) _Not significant by agreement x_Not significant by motion _Significant by w of NP vote (>10%) _Significant by motion By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc: Vote: 6-0. Motion passed	
Valid (includes at least one significant negative)x_Not Valid (all negatives withdrawn, found not related, or f	found not significant)		

Comments

Company: Submitter	ID	#	Company: Submitter	ID	#
Lam Research AG: Sean Larsen	LMAG	2			
Projects: George Rutherford	PROJ	1			





#	Ref.	Comment	TF Response	Committee Action:
LMAG -2	& R1-3.3		Ok might be consistent, editorial change 19 add series. Body does not have a section on 61508	(Select one)No further actionRefer to TF for further reviewNew Business _x _Editorial Change: #19_ in ECs belowOther: (Select one)Committee agrees (no motion nec.) _x _Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc:
LMAG		COMMENT Add "[commonly known as the ATEX directive]" at the end of the entry.	Editorial change 20	Vote: 7-0. Motion passed (Select one) No further action Refer to TF for further review New Businessx_Editorial Change: #_20_ in ECs belowOther: (Select one) Committee agrees (no motion nec.)x_Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc:
PROJ-		[SEMI Staff Note: This comment continues to next page] Please see my comments re the new Part 2 of ISO 13849 (2012) on my vote for (01-13) Hello all – I have serious concerns with some of the contents of the ISO 13849-2:2012. These concerns were raised at ISO Committee Level - but the whole thing seems to have been pushed through even though at the FDIS stage there were still many many pages of technical concerns – especially on the Annex E example!! Australia for one gave a NEGATIVE vote on this part 2 due to these dubious assumptions in Annex E and elsewhere in the document and has NOT adopted the new Part 2 but will modify the part 2 to remove the 'funnies' and then adopt a modified version.		Vote: 7-0. Motion passed (Select one) x_No further action Refer to TF for further reviewNew BusinessEditorial Change: #in ECs belowOther: (Select one) xCommittee agrees (no motion nec.)Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed





#	Ref.	Comment	TF Response	Committee Action:
		Please do not get me wrong – I am a big supporter of ISO 13849 BUT certain parts of this new part 2 needs to be selectively applied if		
		safety is to be ensured. In particular		
		After stating that Software development, environment issues (including increased immunity issues etc) have not been considered Annex E then launches into an example in		
		which it implies that you can use General Purpose PLCs rather than Safety PLCs (certified to 61508 (now also 61131-6)) for performance of safety functions(stepping		
		back in time by 20+ years???)		
		2) Annex D now states that General Purpose Relays are effectively equivalent to force guided relays (EN50205) even though the EN		
		50205 ensures not only ability to monitor the contacts BUT also a minimum of 10 million mechanical operationwhereas the standard		
		for the General Purpose relays can have this mechanical life decided by the manufacturer and much much less than 10 million (in fact as low as 5,000) and still claim compliance with the general purpose relay standard!		
		3) Well established requirements for use of adequate creepage/clearance on PCBs to meet "reinforced" dimensions under IEC 60664		
		was removed from the DIS - without comment/explanation by the chairand required clearances reduced plus a totally		
		unjustified statement that a resist coating is as good as a		
		coating meeting IEC 60664-3!!!		
		These are the main issues I guess – but others		
		tooso user beware – I am hopeful that a rewrite will eventually happen I am actively		
		working on that rewrite and will pursue this		
		matter as far as necessary to prevent this publication tarnishing what otherwise is an		
		excellent standard. Regards - George		
		Rutherford (Projects etc Pty Ltd - Safety Related Control Systems)		





Editorial Changes

SEMI Staff Note: Some of the proposed editorial changes that were approved by the committee would be considered technical in nature. However, since Document 5000C is a Related Information these changes are considered editorial. Per Regulations § 4.2.8, Related Information is a category of Supplementary Material that is not required for using the Standard or Safety Guideline. Related Information is not an official part of the Standard or Safety Guideline.

Proposed Change:

Revise R1-7.1.1 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-7.1.1

R1-7.1.1 Before the risk estimation can be done, it is important to clearly understand the hazard scenario which would exist if the planned safety interlock system safety function was not available (e.g., if it were to fail).

1

TO: Section R1-7.1.1

R1-7.1.1 Before the risk estimation can be done, it is important to clearly understand the hazard scenario which would exist if the planned safety interlock system safety function was not available (e.g., if it were to fail).

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed for clarification; reduce ambiguity.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	8-0 Motion passed

Proposed Change:

Revise Table R1-2 of Document 5000C as shown below.

[Category (basic architecture) = 3, Average Diagnostic coverge (DC_{avg}) = Medium, Mean Time To dangerous Failure ($MTTF_d$) in each channel = Low, change "d" to "c"]

FROM: Table R1-2

Table R1-2 Simplified Relation between PL and Category Levels

2

	The property of the second sec								
	Category (basic architecture)		В	1	2	2	3	3	4
Average Diagnostic coverage (DCave)		None	None	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	High	
	Mean Time To dangerous Failure (MTTF _d) in each	Low	a	Not covered	a	b	ь	d	Not covered
		Medium	Ъ	Not covered	b	с	С	d	Not covered
	channel	High	Not covered	С	С	d	d	d	e

Simplified view of the PL that can be achieved for a given Category, DC and MTTF of





TO: Table R1-2

Table R1-2 Simplified relation between PL and Category levels

Simplified view of the PL that can be achieved for a given Category, DCv2 and MITE.								
Category (basic architecture)		В	1	2	2	3	3	4
Average Diagnostic coverage (DC _{we})		None	None	Low	Medium	Low	Medium	High
Mean Time To	Low	а	Not covered	а	ь	ь	<u>c</u>	Not covered
dangerous Failure (MTTF _d) in each	Medium	Ъ	Not covered	ь	с	c	d	Not covered
channel	High	Not covered	С	с	d	d	d	e

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to address inconsistency.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes			
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)			
Discussion	The typo from another standard's table was made. The ballot is not proposing to change in the original RI criteria.			
Vote	7-0 Motion passed			

Proposed Change:

Revise section R1-5.1 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-5.1

R1-5.1 SEMI S10 is used for risk identification, ranking and evaluation. When a risk is identified that a designer would like to mitigate (e.g., typically an S10 risk-ranking of Medium or higher) the design strategy to eliminate hazards of main body of this document should be followed. If the mitigation is done by using a safety interlock system, the referenced standards provide guidance that can be used as criteria for the safety interlock system design.

3

TO: Section R1-5.1

R1-5.1 SEMI S10 is used for risk identification, ranking and evaluation. When a risk is identified that a designer would like to mitigate (e.g., typically an S10 risk ranking of Medium or higher), the SEMI S2 design strategy to eliminate hazards or control risks of main body of this document should be followed. If the mitigation is done by using a safety interlock system, the referenced standards provide guidance that can be used as criteria justification for that the safety interlock system design adequately reduces the risk.

Justification: (if necessary) Change proposed for clarification.

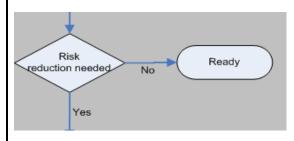
Motion To approve the above editorial changes		
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG)	
Discussion	None	
Vote	9-0 Motion passed	





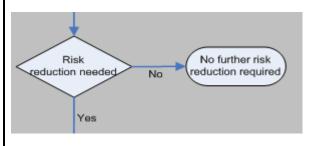
Revise Figure R1-1 of Document 5000C as shown below: [Change "Ready" to "No further risk reduction required"]

FROM: Figure R1-1



4

TO: Figure R1-1



Justification: (if necessary)Change proposed for clarification.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	6-0 Motion passed

Proposed Change:

Revise Figure R1-1 Note of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Figure R1-1 Note

NOTE: * Reliability to be based on the risk. The standards ISO 13849-1 and IEC 62061 are two possible ways how to determine the reliability level.

5 TO: Figure R1-1 Note

NOTE: * <u>Design requirements Reliability for safety functions are to be</u> based on the risk <u>after other risk mitigation has been implemented</u>. The standards ISO 13849-1 and IEC 62061 are two <u>possible documents that might be useful</u> ways how to determine the <u>design and reliability level</u>.

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to correct grammatical error and improve readability.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	8-0 Motion passed





Revise section R1-6.1 of Document 5000C as shown below:

[Add "s" to "standard"]

FROM: Section R1-6.1

R1-6.1 The standards listed in Table R1-1 have their own scope of application. Due to the many types of safety interlock systems, not all of the standard listed may be applicable to a specific system.

TO: Section R1-6.1

R1-6.1 The standards listed in Table R1-1 have their own scope of application. Due to the many types of safety interlock systems, not all of the standards listed may be applicable to a specific system.

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to correct grammatical error.

Motion To approve the above editorial changes		
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)	
DiscussionNoneVote6-0 Motion passed		

Proposed Change:

Revise R1-4.2 as shown below

FROM: Section R1-4.2

R1-4.2 Safety interlock systems are used to reduce risk of harm to people. Some standards require different levels of reliability for the safety interlock system depending on the risk it is mitigating. The risk level is evaluated from several factors like:

7

TO: Section R1-4.2

R1-4.2 Safety interlock systems are used to reduce risk of harm to people. Some standards require different levels of reliability for the a safety interlock system depending on the risk it is mitigating. The risk level is evaluated from several factors like:

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to correct grammatical error.

Motion To approve the above editorial changes		
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)	
Discussion First sentence deleted to remove conflict with section R1-4.4.		
Vote 7-0 Motion passed		





Revise R1-7.2 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-7.2

R1-7.2 In ISO 13849-1 safety interlock system reliability is expressed in terms of required performance levels (PLr) a, b, c, d and e, with increasing reliability. Once the appropriate required performance level is determined, it is used to specify the minimum reliability requirements for the safety interlock system. This analysis is relevant not just for electrical safety interlock systems, as well as pneumatic, hydraulic and mechanical safety interlock systems.

8

TO: Section R1-7.2

R1-7.2 In ISO 13849-1 safety interlock system reliability is expressed in terms of required performance levels (PLr) a, b, c, d and e, with increasing reliability. Once the appropriate required performance level is determined, it is used to specify the minimum reliability requirements for the safety interlock system. This analysis is relevant not just for <u>an</u> electrical safety interlock systems, as well as pneumatic, hydraulic and mechanical safety interlock systems.

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to correct grammatical error.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)	
DiscussionNoneVote5-0 Motion passed		

Proposed Change:

Revise section R1-7.4.4 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-7.4.4

R1-7.4.4 *CCF* — Common Cause Failure. CCF is an indicator of whether different items in the safety interlock system can fail from a common event (where these failures are not consequences of each other). ISO 13849-1 uses a PASS/FAIL checklist is used to help designer to determine if they have included considerations to prevent common failures. Having technical measures for avoiding CCF is relevant for the multi-channel safety interlock system CAT 2, 3 and 4 architectures, but it is not relevant for single channels architectures CAT B and CAT 1.

9

TO: Section R1-7.4.4

R1-7.4.4 *CCF* — Common Cause Failure. CCF is an indicator of whether different items in the safety interlock system can fail from a common event (where these failures are not consequences of each other). ISO 13849-1 uses a PASS/FAIL checklist is used to help the designer to determine if they have included considerations to prevent common failures. Having technical measures for avoiding CCF is relevant for the multi-channel safety interlock system CAT 2, 3 and 4 architectures, but it is not relevant for single channels architectures CAT B and CAT 1.

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to correct grammatical error.

Motion To approve the above editorial changes		
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)	
DiscussionNoneVote5-0 Motion passed		





Revise R1-9.1 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-9.1

R1-9.1 The European legislation for Equipment Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres (ATEX) defines reliability levels for equipment which is intended to be used in areas with a potential explosion risk. This reliability levels are based on an assessment of substances that comprise the potentially explosive atmosphere and time the atmosphere is expected to be present. Details on the requirements for can be found in the ATEX directive.

10

TO: Section R1-9.1

R1-9.1 The European legislation for Equipment Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres (ATEX) defines reliability levels for equipment which is intended to be used in areas with a potential explosion risk. This reliability levels are based on an assessment of substances that comprise the potentially explosive atmosphere and time the atmosphere is expected to be present. Details on the requirements for can be found in the ATEX directive.

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to correct grammatical error.

Motion	Motion To approve the above editorial changes		
Motion by/2nd by	I Bart Planting (ASMI) / Mark Fassiar (TFI)		
DiscussionNoneVote6-0 Motion passed			

Proposed Change:

Revise section R1-7.4.3 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-7.4.3

R1-7.4.3 DC_{avg} — Average Diagnostic Coverage (%). The DC_{avg} is the ratio of the rate of dangerous failures that can be detected in the safety interlock system, compared to rate of all dangerous failures (both detectable and undetectable) in the safety interlock system. It is determined by how frequently and accurately the system undergoes failure-diagnosis, and what actions are taken if a failure is detected. The DC_{avg} has four levels: Not Available (< 60%), Low ($\ge 60\% - < 90\%$), Medium ($\ge 90\% - < 99\%$), and High ($\ge 99\%$ detected).

11

TO: Section R1-7.4.3

R1-7.4.3 DC_{avg} — Average Diagnostic Coverage (%). The DC_{avg} is the ratio of the rate of dangerous failures that can be detected in the safety interlock system, compared to rate of all dangerous failures (both detectable and undetectable) in the safety interlock system. It is determined by how frequently and accurately the system undergoes failure-diagnosis, and what actions are taken if a failure is detected. The DC_{avg} has four levels of detection: Not Available None (< 60%), Low (\geq 60% – <90%), Medium (\geq 90% - <99%), and High (\geq 99% detected).

Motion	tion To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)	
Discussion None		
Vote 7-0 Motion passed		





Insert new R1-1.1 and new R1-1.3 and revise new R1-1.2 as shown below:

FROM:

R1-1 Purpose

R1-1.1 In the Safety Interlock Systems section of this standard, guidelines are given for the design and assessment of safety interlock systems. Because new, evolving technologies are used in the semiconductor and related industries, safety interlock systems can be complex. This Related Information (RI) provides guidance on additional standards that might be useful for safety interlock system design and assessment. This RI explains how several different standards discuss the design of safety interlocks or safety related parts of control systems. This RI also provides a comparison among the definitions of reliability levels within several standards.

NOTE: The term 'safety interlock' as used in S2 Section 11 could be the entire safety related control system or safety related parts of control system as defined in the standards referenced in the following text, or it could be just a portion of these circuits, depending on the design approach chosen.

TO: Section XXX

R1-1 Purpose

R1-1.1 This Related Information provides information on the use of standards of safety functions as it is mentioned in SEMI S2 section 11.6 related to the use of FECS.

R1-1.2 In the Safety Interlock Systems section of this standard, SEMI S2 guidelines are given for the design and assessment of safety interlock systems. Because new, evolving technologies are used in the semiconductor and related industries, safety interlock systems can be complex. This Related Information (RI) provides guidance on additional standards that might be useful for a safety interlock system design and assessment. This RI explains how several different standards discuss the design of a safety interlocks or safety related parts of control systems. This RI also provides a comparison among the definitions of reliability levels within several standards.

R1-1.3 A safety function as used in this Related Information is a function of the machine whose failure can result in immediate increase of the risk(s) (ISO 13849-1, IEC 62061, ISO 12100)

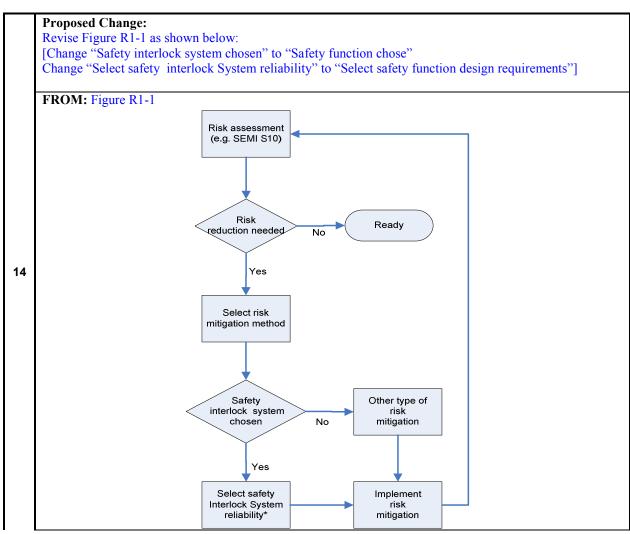
NOTE: The term 'safety interlock' as used in S2 Section 11 could be the entire safety related control system or safety related parts of control system as defined in the standards referenced in the following text, or it could be just a portion of these circuits, depending on the design approach chosen.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)	
Discussion None		
Vote 7-0 Motion passed		





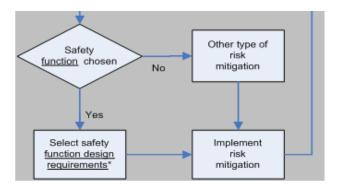
	Proposed Change: Replace all instances of "interlock system" or "interlock" with "safety function			
	FROM:			
13	TO: Changes done in following sections:R1-1.2; R1-2.1; R1-4.1; R1-4.2; R1-4.2.1; R1-4.3; R1-4.4; R1-5; R1.5.1; Figure R1-1; R1-6; R1-6.1; Table R1-1; R1-7; R1-7.1; R1-7.1.1; R1-7.2; R1.7.3; R1-7.4.2; R1-7.4.3; R1-7.4.4; R1-7.6; Note 3; Note 4; R1-8.2.6; R1-8.3; R1-9.2; R1-9.3 Justification: (if necessary)			
		oposed for clarification; reduce ambiguity.		
Motion To approve the above editorial changes		To approve the above editorial changes		
Motion by/2nd by		Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)		
Dis	cussion	None		
Vote 7-0 Motion passed		7-0 Motion passed		











Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed for clarification; reduce ambiguity.

Motion To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	8-0 Motion passed

Proposed Change:

Revise section R1-5.2 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-5.2

R1-5.2 After the mitigation plan has been designed, a new risk assessment should be carried out to verify the risk has been sufficiently mitigated.

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TO: Section R1-5.2

R1-5.2 After the mitigation plan has been designed, a new risk assessment should be typically carried out to verify the risk has been sufficiently mitigated.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)	
Discussion	None	
Vote 7-0 Motion passed		





Proposed Change:
Revise Table R1-1 of Document 5000C as shown below:
FROM: Section Table R1-1

Table R1-1 Application of Safety System Related Standards

				,	
	Standard	Typical use	Components/designs covered	Remarks	
	ISO 13849-1: Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems	Calculation of the reliability of individual components and complete interlock control systems	It applies to any type of technology and energy used (electrical, hydraulic, pneumatic, mechanical, and software.)	ISO 13849-2 provides information how to calculate reliability of all types of components	
16	IEC 62061: Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems	Calculation of the reliability of complete interlock control systems	Electromechanical, control system	Used for complete systems qualification	
	IEC 61508 series Functional Safety of Electrical/Electronic/ Programmable Electronic Safety-related Systems	Verification of a control system that uses software	PLC controlled system	Used for requirements of a software control system. Most of the times a safety PLC is approved based in this applications	
	European ATEX directive: 94/9/EC	Defines reliability levels for components that need to be used in explosive atmospheres	Components that need to be used in explosive atmospheres	Components used in explosive atmospheres need to be CE marked	





TO: Section Table R1-1

Table R1-1 Application of Safety System Related Standards

Standard	Typical use	Components/designs covered	Remarks
ISO 13849-1: Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems	Calculation of the reliability of individual components and complete interlock control systems	It applies to any type of technology and energy used (electrical, hydraulic, pneumatic, mechanical, and software.)	ISO 13849-2 provides information how to ealeulate reliability of all types of components
IEC 62061: Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems	Calculation of the reliability of complete interlock control systems	Electromechanical, control system	Used for complete systems qualification
IEC 61508 series Functional Safety of Electrical/Electronic/ Programmable Electronic Safety-related Systems	Verification of a control system that uses software <u>Used for requirements of a software control system.</u> <u>Most of the times a safety PLC is approved based in this applications</u>	Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) controlled system	Used for requirements of a software control system. Most of the times a safety PLC is approved based in this applications
European ATEX directive: 94/9/EC	Defines reliability levels for components that need to be used in explosive atmospheres	Components that need to be used in explosive atmospheres	Components used in explosive atmospheres need to be CE marked

Justification: (if necessary)
Change proposed for clarification.

0 1	1
Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	4-0 Motion passed

Proposed Change:

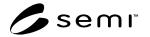
Revise section R1-7.6 of Document 5000C as follows:

FROM: Section R1-7.6

R1-7.6 The standard provides both a tabular (refer to Table R1-2) and graphical way to estimate the achieved PL of a safety interlock system. A successful design occurs when the achieved PL is greater than or equal to required performance level (PLr.). If this is not the case, then a design modification or iteration is necessary.

TO: Section R1-7.6

R1-7.6 The standard provides both a tabular (refer to Table R1-2) and graphical way to estimate the achieved PL of a safety interlock system. A successful design occurs when the achieved PL is greater than or equal to required performance level (PLr.). If this is not the case, then a design modification or iteration and re-evaluation of the achieved performance level is necessary.





Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	6-0 Motion passed

Change remark below Table R1-7 from a note to a table note.

FROM:

Table R1-7 SIL Requirement

	Class of Probability of Occurrence of Harm (Cl)							
Severity	3 - 4	5 – 7	8 - 10	11 – 13	14 -15			
4	SIL 2	SIL 2	SIL 2	SIL 3	SIL 3			
3		#1	SIL 1	SIL 2	SIL 3			
2			#1	SIL 1	SIL 2			
1				#1	SIL 1			

#1 NOTE: For these levels, other measures may be appropriate (e.g., Performance Level (PL) 'a' as per ISO 13849-1)

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TO:

Table R1-7 SIL Requirement

	Class of Probability of Occurrence of Harm (Cl)							
Severity	3 - 4	<i>5</i> – <i>7</i>	8 - 10	11 – 13	14 -15			
4	SIL 2	SIL 2	SIL 2	SIL 3	SIL 3			
3		#1	SIL 1	SIL 2	SIL 3			
2			#1	SIL 1	SIL 2			
1				#1	SIL 1			

^{#2 #1}NOTE: For these levels, other measures may be appropriate (e.g., Performance Level (PL) 'a' as per ISO 13849-1)

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to correct error introduced during formatting.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	7-0 Motion passed





Revise IEC 61508 entry in section R1-1.3.2 of Document 5000C as shown below:

FROM:

R1-3.2 *IEC Standards*¹

IEC 61496 — Safety of machinery - Electro-sensitive protective equipment

IEC 61508 — Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

IEC 62061 — Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems

19 TO:

R1-3.2 *IEC Standards*¹

IEC 61496 — Safety of machinery - Electro-sensitive protective equipment

IEC 61508 (series) — Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

IEC 62061 — Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems

Justification: (if necessary)Change proposed for clarification.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	7-0 Motion passed

Proposed Change:

Revise section R1-3.4 of Document 5000C as shown below:

FROM: Section R1-3.4

R1-3.4 Other Standards and Documents

Directive 94/9/EC of The European Parliament and the Council of 23 March 1994 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States concerning equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

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TO: Section R1-3.4

R1-3.4 Other Standards and Documents

Directive 94/9/EC of The European Parliament and the Council of 23 March 1994 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States concerning equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres (commonly known as the ATEX directive)

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	7-0 Motion passed





Proposed Change: Change the title of the proposed new RI as follows: **FROM: Document Title** SELECTION OF INTERLOCK RELIABILITY 21 **TO: Document Title** ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE FOR SAFETY FUNCTIONS **Justification: (if necessary)** Change proposed for clarification; reduce ambiguity. Motion To approve the above editorial changes Motion Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL) by/2nd by **Discussion** None

Proposed Change:

Vote

Revise section R1-7.1.3 and R1-7.1.3 Note as shown below:

FROM: Section R1-7.1.3 and R1-7.1.3 Note

6-0 Motion passed

R1-7.1.3 There are 3 parameters related to the equipment hazards during operation, maintenance and service that contribute to the risk estimation and determination of PLr in ISO 13849-1.

• Severity of the injury (S)

S1: Slight (normally reversible injury)

S2: Serious (normally irreversible injury or death)

• Frequency or exposure to the hazard (F)

F1: Seldom-to-less-often and/or exposure time is short

F2: Frequent-to-continuous and/or exposure time is long

Possibility of avoiding hazard or limiting harm (P)

P1: Possible under specific conditions

P2: Scarcely possible

NOTE: Although ISO 13849-1 uses "and/or" in its explanations of the frequency metrics, the EHS committee recommends that these should be understood as: F1- Seldom-to-less-often and exposure time is short; F2- frequent-to-continuous or exposure time is long.





TO: Section R1-7.1.3 and R1-7.1.3 Note

R1-7.1.3 There are 3 parameters related to the equipment hazards during operation, maintenance and service that contribute to the risk estimation and determination of PLr in ISO 13849-1.

• Severity of the injury (S)

S1: Slight (normally reversible injury)

S2: Serious (normally irreversible injury or death)

• Frequency or exposure to the hazard (F)

F1: Seldom-to-less-often and/or exposure time is short

F2: Frequent-to-continuous and/or exposure time is long

• Possibility of avoiding hazard or limiting harm (P)

P1: Possible under specific conditions

P2: Scarcely possible

NOTE: Although ISO 13849 1 uses "and/or" in its explanations of the frequency metrics, the EHS committee recommends that these should be understood as: F1 Seldom to less often and exposure time is short; F2 frequent to continuous or exposure time is long. The original description for F1 and F2 in ISO 13849-1 uses and/or terminology for both F1 and F2 which could lead to conflict when choosing the frequency term. The F1 and F2 text provided is based upon feedback from ISO TC199 members and discussion forums.

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed for clarification; reduce ambiguity.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	6-0 Motion passed





Delete first sentence of the 2nd note below Table R1-2 then move into Note 1 in section R1-3.3 of Document 5000C as shown below:

FROM:

R1-3.3 ISO Standards²

ISO 13849-1 — Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design

ISO 13849-2 — Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 2: Validation

NOTE 1: The ISO 13849 is the successor of EN 954-: Safety of Machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design

ISO TR 23849 — Guidance on the application of ISO 13849-1 and IEC 62061 in the design of safety related control systems

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Table R1-1 Simplified Relation between PL and Category Levels

rubio IV. 1 Omiphilou Rolation bottroom L una Gutogory Lovoio								
Simp	lified view	of the PL th	at can be a	chieved for a	a given Cate	egory, DC _{avg}	and $MTTF_d$	
Category (basic architecture)		В	1	2	2	3	3	4
Average Diagnostic coverage (DC _{avg})		None	None	Low	Mediu m	Low	Medium	High
Mean Time To dangerous Failure (MTTF _d) in each channel	Low	a	Not covered	a	b	b	d	Not covered
	Mediu m	b	Not covered	b	с	С	d	Not covered
	High	Not covered	с	с	d	d	d	e

#3 NOTE: More detailed information about comparison between performance levels and the design parameters of the SIS can be found in ISO 13849-1.

NOTE: EN 954-1 has been replaced by ISO 13849-1. The hardware requirements of EN 954-1 were based on hardware architecture and fault tolerance. Safety interlock system reliability was determined in a decision diagram using severity of possible harm, frequency of exposure, and the possibility of avoiding the harm. The definition of severity of possible harm, frequency of exposure, and possibility of avoiding the harm are identical to those in ISO 13849-1 (see § R1-7)





TO:

R1-3.3 ISO Standards²

ISO 13849-1 — Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design

ISO 13849-2 — Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 2: Validation

NOTE 1: The ISO 13849 is the successor of EN 954-: Safety of Machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design. The hardware requirements of EN 954-1 were based on hardware architecture and fault tolerance. Safety interlock system reliability was determined in a decision diagram using severity of possible harm, frequency of exposure, and the possibility of avoiding the harm. The definition of severity of possible harm, frequency of exposure, and possibility of avoiding the harm are identical to those in ISO 13849-1 (see § R1-7).

ISO TR 23849 — Guidance on the application of ISO 13849-1 and IEC 62061 in the design of safety related control systems

Table R1-2 Simplified Relation between PL and Category Levels

Simplified view of the PL that can be achieved for a given Category, DC_{avg} and $MTTF_d$								
Category (basic architecture)		В	1	2	2	3	3	4
Average Diagnostic coverage (DC _{avg})		None	None	Low	Mediu m	Low	Medium	High
Mean Time To	Low	a	Not covered	a	b	b	d	Not covered
dangerous Failure (MTTF _d) in	Mediu m	b	Not covered	b	с	С	d	Not covered
each channel	High	Not covered	С	С	d	d	d	e

#4 NOTE: More detailed information about comparison between performance levels and the design parameters of the SIS can be found in ISO 13849-1.

NOTE: EN 954-1 has been replaced by ISO 13849-1. The hardware requirements of EN 954-1 were based on hardware architecture and fault tolerance. Safety interlock system reliability was determined in a decision diagram using severity of possible harm, frequency of exposure, and the possibility of avoiding the harm. The definition of severity of possible harm, frequency of exposure, and possibility of avoiding the harm are identical to those in ISO 13849-1 (see § R1-7)

Justification: (if necessary)

Change proposed to improve readability.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Bert Planting (ASML) / Mark Fessler (TEL)
Discussion	None
Vote	8-0 Motion passed





has

the

Forwarding Motions

Safety Check

Move to find that this document:

__Is NOT a safety document: when all safety-related information is removed, the document is still technically sound and complete.

- <u>x</u> IS a safety document: when all safety-related information is removed, the document is not technically sound and complete.
- <u>x</u> The Safety Checklist (Regulations 13.3) for this document is complete and has accompanied the document through the balloting process.

By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler

Disc:

Vote: 6-0. Motion passed

Intellectual Property Check

The meeting chair asked those present in person or by electronic link, if they were aware of any patented or copyrighted material in the Standard or Guideline.

(Note: Such material might have become known since the Standard or Safety Guideline was last reviewed, or might become relevant due to this ballot.)

become relevant due to this bandt.)
x_No patented or copyrighted material is known to exist in the Standard or Guideline. (no motion needed)
Patented or copyrighted material is known to exist in the Standard or Guideline but release for such material been obtained or presented to the committee. (no motion needed)
Patented or copyrighted material is known to exist in the Standard or Guideline but release for some of material(s) has NOT been obtained or presented to the committee. The committee moves to:
Ask the ISC for special permission to publish the standard without release
Quit the activity
Wait for the release of the patented or copyrighted material.
By/2nd: Disc:
Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed
Final Action
Move to:
Pass this document as balloted and forward to the A&R for procedural review.
x Pass this document with editorial changes and forward to the A&R for procedural review.
By/2nd: Bert Planting / Mark Fessler Disc:
Vote: 5-0. Motion passed

Attachment: 12, 5000C LI1 Compiled Responses





4.6 Document 5357A, Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2-0712a, *Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment*. Delayed Revisions Related to Optical Radiation

4.6.1 Line Item #1: Delayed Revisions Related to Optical Radiation

Tallies at Close of Voting

Voting Return Data		Acceptance Rate Data	
Voting Interest Returns	52	Voting Interest Accept Votes (VIAccept)	31
Total Voting Interests	83	Interest Reject Votes (IReject)	1
Voting Interest Return %	62.65%	Approval % [VIAccept / (VIAccept + IReject)]	96.88%
Other Returns (Intercommittee, etc.)		# of Interest Rejects that Need to be not found Valid for	
	27	Final Approval % >= 90%	0
Total Votes	79		
Total Votes with Comments	1		
Total Reject Votes	2		

Rejects/Negatives

	Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp	Company: Submitter	ID	Negs	Disp
DNS:								
	Naokatsu Nishiguchi	DNSA	1					
Ryosuke Imamiya I		DNSB	2					





Negatives from < DNS: Naokatsu Nishiguchi (DNSA-#), Ryosuke Imamiya (DNSB-#) >

	W = Withdrawn, $NR = Not Related$, $NP = Not Persuasive$, $RP = Related$ and $Persuasive$, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$								
#	Ref.	Negative including Justification	TF Finding and Reason	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:	Final				
DNS#	Optical Radiatic n	Please describe the value of the threshold value for optical radiation (180-3000nm). 180-3000nmの関値の値を記述して下さい。 Reason/justification In this ballot, we cannot understand what kind of threshold value is used in each wavelength. As an example, although 2006/25-/EC is mentioned, we cannot understand relation of TABLE A3-3. 今回のバロットではそれぞれの波長においてどのような閾値を使用するのかが理解できない。例として、2006/25/EC が挙げられているが TABLE A3-3 との関連が理解できない。	Not related X_Not persuasive (assumes related)Related & persuasive Reason: Karl – RNP The ballot does reference the relevant values in ACGIH in paragraph A3-4.3. 2nd Visty 8-0						





W = Withdrawn, $NR = Not Related$, $NP = Not Persuasive$, $RP = Related$ and $Persuasive$, $NS = Not Significant$, $S = Significant$				
# Ref. Negative <u>including Justification</u> TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion and Reason in Committee:	Final		
between two methods. What is the method of "directly measure" in the description of former method? Please define the wards radiance and irradiance. Please explain about the method "directly measure" and why the measurement of radiance is necessary. Reason: Holbrook – RNP – two measurement methods are described and definitions are provided in section A3-4.4.2 and the referenced standards. 2nd Visty 8-0 Sign Not related X Not persuasive (assumes related) Not related X Not persuasive (ass	te: 5-0. Motion passed gnificance finding/method: (select 1) Not significant by agreement Not significant by motion Significant by % of NP vote (>10%) Significant by agreement Significant by motion			





Ref.	Negative <u>including Justification</u>	TF Finding <u>and Reason</u>	Motion <u>and Reason</u> in Committee:
B A3- 4.4.3 and R7	Current Table A3-3 has "20% of the applicable exposure limits". The time	(Select 1) Not related	Withdrawn by Subm. (Date:)
and R7	applicable exposure limits . The time considerations may need to keep the 20% multiplier for safety. Please consider to keep the 20% multiplier.	Related & persuasive Reason: Holbrook – RNP – defined energy source and much more controlled set of conditions that are less impacted by external factors, so considered to be adequately safe. 2 nd Karl – additionally, exposure values have been stable for a period of time, unlike the discussion with chemistry exposures. 8-0	Related & persuasive (ballot fails) Reason: Defined energy source and much more controlled set of conditions that are less impacted by external factors, so considered to be adequately safe. Additionally, exposure values have been stable for a period of time, unlike the discussion with chemistry exposures. By/2nd: Sean Larsen / John Visty Disc: Vote: 4-0. Motion passed
			Significance finding/method: (select 1) Not significant by agreement Not significant by motion Significant by % of NP vote (>10%) Significant by agreement Significant by motion By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed





Comments

Company: Submitter	ID	#	Company: Submitter	ID	#
KLA-Tencor: Lauren Crane	KT	10			

#	Ref.	Comment	TF Response	Committee Action:
	4.2	Comment Some additional information will help readers	No action, Conceptually understand, but instrumentation limitations prevent being able to evaluate to this level of detail.	(Select one)
KT-2		emissions decision is taken for each wavelength band in table A3-3 rather than each weighting step.	the weighting values are 5 to 10nm bands for the differing weighting values in the referenced standards, which cannot generally be measured in the field.	(Select one) x_No further action _Refer to TF for further review _New Business _Editorial Change: #in ECs below _Other: (Select one) x_Committee agrees (no motion nec.) _Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed





#	Ref.	Comment	TF Response	Committee Action:
KT-3		Comment The idea indicated by the paragraph might be more obvious with the addition of a word. Proposed Solution: Add "assuming the same person is" Editorial	Agreed, See editorial change 1.	(Select one)No further actionRefer to TF for further reviewNew Businessx _ Editorial Change: #1 in ECs belowOther: (Select one)x _ Committee agrees (no motion nec.)Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed
KT-4		Comment Grammar Proposed Solution: Change to "Therefore, the optical source should be evaluated to all of the limits that for which the optical energy source has significant emissions." Editorial	Agreed, see editorial change 2	(Select one) No further action Refer to TF for further review New Business x Editorial Change: #2 in ECs below Other: (Select one) x Committee agrees (no motion nec.) Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed
KT-5		comprehension, particularly regarding the use of	Agree to move A3-4.3 above the table on the page, but do not move above A3-4.2 See editorial change 3	





#	Ref.	Comment	TF Response	Committee Action:
КТ-6		Comment I think the table implies the emissions limit analysis is limited to the safety concerns and frequency bands in table A3-3, but it would improve clarity to explicitly say so. A change in ACGIH approach could cause confusion. Proposed Solution: As an editorial change "The equipment emission limits for this document are is the exposure limit values for the frequency ranges given in Table A3-3 from the most recent"	Agreed, see editorial change 4	(Select one) No further actionRefer to TF for further reviewNew BusinessxEditorial Change: #_4in ECs belowOther: (Select one)Committee agrees (no motion nec.)Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed
KT-7	A3-3	Comment I assume the "weighted towards" phrases in the table are general descriptions of the how the frequency range is weighted but are not actually measurement instructions. They are not technically necessary and have a small potential to introduce confusion. Proposed Solution: Delete all these phrases such as this "Effective (weighted by relative Spectral Effectiveness [S(λ)] weighting function) irradiance weighted towards 255 to 295nm" Editorial	No action	(Select one) x No further action Refer to TF for further review New Business Editorial Change: #in ECs below Other: (Select one) x Committee agrees (no motion nec.) Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed
KT-8		Comment Access to the ACGIH optical radiation limit values is expensive. Access to the European workplace directive 2006/25/EC values is free. Proposed Solution: Change the emission limit basis to the European directive. Technical	No Action	(Select one) x_No further action Refer to TF for further reviewNew BusinessEditorial Change: #in ECs belowOther: (Select one) x_Committee agrees (no motion nec.)Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed





#	Ref.	Comment	TF Response	Committee Action:
KT-9	Table A3-3	Comment The wavelength ranges given are quite precise,	Leave as is to pass this ballot. Clean-up as determined to be appropriate in future ballots.	(Select one) x_No further action _Refer to TF for further review _New Business _Editorial Change: #in ECs below _Other: (Select one) x_Committee agrees (no motion nec.) _Motion to act as indicated above:
				By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed
	SEMI Staff	It makes no sense to have the statement at the top of page 4 following an "end of ballot" flag at the bottom of page 3. How can something be part of a ballot when the ballot has been declared to have ended. Proposed Solution: If used in future ballots, change this notice to the effect of "The rest of this document is material that is required for inclusion in a ballot by the SEMI Procedure Guide, but it does not contain any proposed document changes" AND Change the Page 3 notice to the effect of "End of Change Proposals"	No action	(Select one) x_No further action Refer to TF for further review New Business Editorial Change: #in ECs below Other: (Select one) x_Committee agrees (no motion nec.) Motion to act as indicated above: By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed





Editorial Changes

Proposed Change:

Revise ¶ A3-4.4.3.2 of Document 5357A as follows:

FROM:

A3-4.4.3.2 If the exposure period occurs during only a portion of the scheduled maintenance task being evaluated, and the maintenance task foreseeably could be repeated during the work day, the total foreseeable exposure time can be calculated adding the actual exposure times over the course of the shift, assuming the person is performing the task repeatedly during the work shift.

1

TO:

A3-4.4.3.2 If the exposure period occurs during only a portion of the scheduled maintenance task being evaluated, and the maintenance task foreseeably could be repeated during the work day, the total foreseeable exposure time can be calculated adding the actual exposure times over the course of the shift, assuming the same person is performing the task repeatedly during the work shift.

Justification: (if necessary)

Editorial change proposed for clarification.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG) / John Visty (Salus)	
Discussion	None	
Vote	6-0 Motion passed	

Proposed Change:

Revise ¶ A3-4.2 of Document 5357A as follows:

FROM:

A3-4.2 All of the accessible limits are summation limit functions, meaning that they add up the relative contributions of the various wavelengths of the optical energy source. Therefore, the optical source should be evaluated to all of the limits that the optical energy source has significant emissions.

2

TO:

A3-4.2 All of the accessible limits are summation limit functions, meaning that they add up the relative contributions of the various wavelengths of the optical energy source. Therefore, the optical source should be evaluated to all of the limits that for which the optical energy source has significant emissions.

Justification: (if necessary)

Editorial change proposed to correct grammar.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes
Motion by/2nd by	Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG) / Edward Karl (Applied Materials)
Discussion	None
Vote	5-0 Motion passed



3



Proposed Change:

Move A3-4.3 and note 161 between A3-4.2 and Table A3-3 of Document 5357A as follows:

FROM: A3-4.3 and note 161 is after Table A3-3.

A3-4 Optical Radiation

A3-4.1 There are multiple safety concerns related to the effects of optical radiation on the skin and multiple tissues in the eyes. This document is not addressing skin concerns as there is very little exposed skin in a semiconductor fabrication cleanroom environment, and the eyes are more sensitive than the skin. The concerns and associated wavelengths are listed in Table A3-3.

A3-4.2 All of the accessible limits are summation limit functions, meaning that they add up the relative contributions of the various wavelengths of the optical energy source. Therefore, the optical source should be evaluated to all of the limits that the optical energy source has significant emissions.

Table A3-3 Optical Radiation Concerns

Approximate Wavelengths	Safety / Tissue Concern	Measurement
180 to 400 nm (Broadband UV)	Corneal and lenticular hazard	Effective (weighted by relative Spectral Effectiveness $[S(\lambda)]$ weighting function) irradiance weighted towards 255 to 295nm
315 to 400 nm (UV-A)	Lenticular and retinal hazard	Irradiance
300 to 700 nm ("Blue light", UV-A and visible)	Photochemical retinal hazard	Effective (weighted by blue light hazard $[B(\lambda)]$ weighting function) irradiance & radiance weighted towards 415 to 475nm
380 to 1400 nm (visible and IR-A)	Thermal retinal hazard ^{#1}	Effective (weighted by retinal thermal hazard $[R(\lambda)]$ weighting function) radiance weighted towards 415 to 850nm
775 to 3000 nm (IR-A and IR-B)	Thermal corneal and lenticular hazard	Irradiance

^{#1} The thermal retinal hazard has different limit criteria depending on whether there is a significant visible light component to cause constriction of the pupil.

A3-4.3 The equipment emission limit for this document is the exposure limit value from the most recent version of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs®) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) book with the measurement distance from source and time considerations given below.

NOTE 161: The European Union (EU) Worker Protection directive for artificial optical radiation (e.g., 2006/25/EC) provides similar worker exposure criteria for the EU countries. There are some differences in the retinal thermal hazard weighting values $[R(\lambda)]$, further focusing the criteria towards 380 to 495nm energy.

- A3-4.4 Measurement Techniques and Limit Value Guidance
- A3-4.4.1 Meters and Measuring There are two viable methods for measuring...





TO: A3-4.3 and note 161 between A3-4.2 and Table A3-3.

A3-4 Optical Radiation

A3-4.1 There are multiple safety concerns related to the effects of optical radiation on the skin and multiple tissues in the eyes. This document is not addressing skin concerns as there is very little exposed skin in a semiconductor fabrication cleanroom environment, and the eyes are more sensitive than the skin. The concerns and associated wavelengths are listed in Table A3-3.

A3-4.2 All of the accessible limits are summation limit functions, meaning that they add up the relative contributions of the various wavelengths of the optical energy source. Therefore, the optical source should be evaluated to all of the limits that the optical energy source has significant emissions.

A3-4.3 The equipment emission limit for this document is the exposure limit value from the most recent version of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs®) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) book with the measurement distance from source and time considerations given below.

NOTE 161: The European Union (EU) Worker Protection directive for artificial optical radiation (e.g., 2006/25/EC) provides similar worker exposure criteria for the EU countries. There are some differences in the retinal thermal hazard weighting values $[R(\lambda)]$, further focusing the criteria towards 380 to 495nm energy.

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A3 4.3 The equipment emission limit for this document is the exposure limit value from the most recent version of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs®) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) book with the measurement distance from source and time considerations given below.

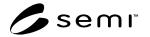
NOTE 161: The European Union (EU) Worker Protection directive for artificial optical radiation (e.g., 2006/25/EC) provides similar worker exposure criteria for the EU countries. There are some differences in the retinal thermal hazard weighting values [R(λ)], further focusing the criteria towards 380 to 495nm energy.

A3-4.4 Measurement Techniques and Limit Value Guidance

A3-4.4.1 Meters and Measuring — There are two viable methods for measuring...

Justification: (if necessary)

Editorial change proposed to improve readability.





Motion	To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG) / John Visty (Salus)	
Discussion	None	
Vote	7-0 Motion passed	

Proposed Change:

Revise ¶ A3-4.3 of Document 5357A as follows:

FROM:

A3-4.3 The equipment emission limit for this document is the exposure limit value from the most recent version of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs®) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) book with the measurement distance from source and time considerations given below.

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TO:

A3-4.3 The equipment emission limit for this document is are the exposure limit value from the most recent version of the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLVs®) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) book with the measurement distance from source and time considerations given below.

Justification: (if necessary)

Editorial change proposed to correct grammar.

Motion	To approve the above editorial changes	
Motion by/2nd by	Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG) / John Visty (Salus)	
Discussion	None	
Vote	7-0 Motion passed	

Forwarding Motions

Safety Check

Move to find that this document:

__Is NOT a safety document: when all safety-related information is removed, the document is still technically sound and complete.

 \underline{x} IS a safety document: when all safety-related information is removed, the document is not technically sound and complete.

 \underline{x} The Safety Checklist (Regulations 13.3) for this document is complete and has accompanied the document through the balloting process.

By/2nd: Sean Larsen / Ed Karl

Disc:

Vote: 7-0. Motion passed



Attachment:

13, 5357A LI1 Compiled Responses



Intellectual Property Check

The meeting chair asked those present in person or by electronic link, if they were aware of any patented or copyrighted material in the Standard or Guideline.

(Note: Such material might have become known since the Standard or Safety Guideline was last reviewed, or might become relevant due to this ballot.)

x No patented or copyrighted material is known to exist in the Standard or Guideline. (no motion needed)
Patented or copyrighted material is known to exist in the Standard or Guideline but release for such material habeen obtained or presented to the committee. (no motion needed)
Patented or copyrighted material is known to exist in the Standard or Guideline but release for some of the material(s) has NOT been obtained or presented to the committee. The committee moves to:
Ask the ISC for special permission to publish the standard without release
Quit the activity
Wait for the release of the patented or copyrighted material.
By/2nd: Disc: Vote: #-#-#. Motion passed failed
Final Action
Move to:
Pass this document as balloted and forward to the A&R for procedural review.
x Pass this document with editorial changes and forward to the A&R for procedural review.
By/2nd: Sean Larsen / John Visty Disc:
Vote: 9-0. Motion passed

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5 Subcommittee & Task Force Reports

5.1 Manufacturing Equipment Safety Subcommittee (MESSC)

Cliff Greenberg reported. Report highlights:

- · Old Business Reminder
 - Arc flash (~NFPA 70e) has no reference in SEMI documents, is an inherent electrical hazard.
 - Suggested to ask S22 TF to consider adding:
 - Low power available at low voltage has low arc-flash hazard, suppliers could delineate the low hazard thresholds and consider these during system build
 - A SC member's suggestion for equipment design: segregate low voltage (<50v) from power circuits to make service work easier on the low voltage circuits
 - S2 suggests: drive task 3 & 4 to lower, safer level
 - Discussion about how to influence NFPA on 79 discussions
 - o Expanding possible application of S2, etc. to other non-semiconductor equipment
 - Consensus: We do not want to support an additional "S2" for a specific industry
 - An RI could explain how to use S2 with limited application for a different industry
- New Business
 - Control of Hazardous Energy (CoHE), Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) in S2 is not as explicit as USA OSHA
 - Does it need to be?
 - EMO locations
 - Related Information 3 in S2 vs S8
 - Conform to the performance goal
 - Some 3rd Parties do not do the "full boat" of reference to other standards, still use an "arm wave" conforms to the intent approach
 - o 450 mm
 - Discussed some of the items in the 450 summary from March 14 EHS Division

Attachment: 14, MESSC Report

5.2 Fail-Safe / Fault-Tolerant Interest Group

Lauren Crane reported. Current activities:

- Good discussion on concepts. Draft being developed on bypass (related to interlock requirement)
- Telecons to be arranged between NA Spring meetings and SEMICON West.





5.3 Fire Protection Task Force

Sean Larsen presented to the committee a SNARF proposal:

- Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Delayed revisions related to fire code criteria
 - o <u>Rationale</u>: The proposed change to SEMI S2 is to better align the criteria with the fire code criteria included in NFPA and IFC.
 - Scope: This activity is to generate a line item modification of SEMI S2, section 14. A similar line item change to SEMI S26 may also be appropriate but needs to be confirmed or completed by the S26 TF.

Motion: EHS Committee approves SNARF for S2, section 14, revisions related to fire code criteria.

By / 2nd: Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG) / Alan Crockett (KLA-Tencor)

Discussion: None

Vote: 6-0. Motion passed.

5.4 S2 Chemical Exposure Task Force

Sean Larsen reported that the TF intends to propose a new activity (i.e., separate from SNARF #4683) to define what representative conditions are required when conducting IH (industrial hygiene) air sampling to determine conformance to OEL (occupational exposure limits) / LFL (lower flammability limits) levels. Unfortunately, Sean was unable to obtain a copy of the proposed SNARF in time to present to the committee for approval.

5.5 S2 Ladders & Steps Task Force

Ron Macklin stated that committee members see Document 4449 (S2 revision, related to work at elevated locations and design criteria for platforms, steps, and ladders) as an important Document. Therefore, the TF will target for Cycle 4, 2013 ballot submission.

5.6 Japan S2 Seismic Protection Task Force

Sean Larsen reported that the TF plans to submit ballot # 5556 (S2 revisions related to section 19) for the Cycle 4 voting period. He then asked the committee whether a liaison TF should be formed (in NA EHS) to help host meetings from the North America side. Supika Mashiro pointed out that the people leading this work are not accustomed to writing Standards Documents (including native language). She, therefore, asked the NA EHS cochairs (together with SEMI staff) to facilitate communication between the NA EHS committee and the Japan TF leaders. Lauren Crane stated that he would check within his company to determine whether he can dedicate some time to help lead this effort.

Action Item: 2013Apr #02, Paul Trio and Chris Evanston to send an email to NA EHS TC members informing them about the Seismic Protection TF activity in Japan and request for participation.

5.7 S8 Ergonomics Task Force

Ron Macklin reported. Current activities:

- Rework failed line items from 2012 cycle 2 & 4 ballots and submit for 2013 cycle 4
 - Add definition for hand-object coupling point
 - Section 7: add criteria for whole body clearance and expand scope to equipment operation
 - o Section 7: move equipment maintainability and serviceability to a new section 11





- Section 7: Add criteria for hand/arm clearance
- Section 9: Add limitations to hand control location
- Criteria currently under consideration
 - o Rework Section 6 handle design guidelines
 - o Critical controls definition changes (EMO)
- New criteria requested by participants 4/2/13
 - Hand crank criteria
 - Overhead seated reach
 - Standing workstation foot clearance
 - Note: this was in the original version of S8-95
 - SEMI-S2 RI3 EMO reach alignment w/ S8 (discussed in the MESSC meeting)
- Future Plans / Timeline
 - Continue teleconference efforts on Thursdays @ 13:00 Pacific Time up until SEMICON West starting April 18th.
 - Rework previously failed line items and re-ballot during Cycle 4 (May 20, 2013).
 - o Prepare additional material for future ballot consideration (Cycle 6, 2013).
 - o Changes to section 6 of appendix 1, and new requests noted during Spring Mtgs.

Attachment: 15, S8 Ergonomics Task Force Report

5.8 S23 Revision Task Force

George Hoshi reported. Current activities:

- Voting results summary for Ballot 5513, Line Item Revision to SEMI S23-0311, Guide for Conservation of Energy, Utilities and Materials Used by Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment, issued for Cycle 2, 2013 voting period.
 - o Line Item 1 The expansion of Related Information (RI) 2 / Temperature Control Unit
 - Return rate: 62.7% | Accepts: 28 | Rejects: 3 | Comments: 3
 - Line Item 2 The addition of text explaining the meaning and limits of the exhaust conversion factor.
 - Return rate: 62.7% | Accepts: 32 | Rejects: 0 | Comments: 1
 - Line Item 3 Small editorial change in the sleep mode definitions, and the addition of a criterion related to load port availability during sleep mode
 - Return rate: 62.7% | Accepts: 32 | Rejects: 0 | Comments: 3
- Future Plans / Timeline
 - o (Japan) TF to meet before the Japan EHS Committee meeting on April 18, 2013 to discuss line item 1. TF will review voting results and determine action plan.

Attachment: 16, S23 Revision Task Force Report





5.9 EMC Task Force (under the NA Metrics Committee)

SEMI Staff Note: The details below were obtained from the EMC Task Force report given during the NA Metrics Spring 2013 committee meeting. The report was obtained by staff after the NA EHS Committee meeting on April 4 and was included in these minutes for reference.

- Discussed possibility of SNARF to add an alternative test method for large equipment proposed by ASML. There was no representation from ASML at the meeting. Decision was to hold a meeting at a "Europe-friendly" time to give ASML an opportunity to present their cause to the team.
- SNARF for EMC at the Factory Level was presented, reviewed and recommended to Metrics Committee for approval.
- At July meeting or thereafter we will conduct a survey on actual use of E33 among equipment manufacturers.
- Possibility of webinar/tutorial for E33 will be explored.

Attachment: 17, EMC Task Force Report

6 Old Business

6.1 Open Action Item Review

Paul Trio reviewed the old action items, where are found in the table below

Item #	Assigned to	Details	Status
2012Nov #01	Paul Trio	Post EHS voting template, TF leader kit, and F2F meetings bridge info on the EHS committee page (http://www.semi.org/en/node/41746) on the SEMI Standards website.	Done. Closed.
2012Nov #02	Paul Trio	Include MESSC discussion topics in the NA EHS liaison report.	Done. Closed.
2012Nov #03	Alan Crockett	Report on the progress of the Energy Saving Equipment Communication (ESEC) TF at the next NA EHS committee meeting (in Spring 2013).	Paul reported that two ballots were submitted for the Cycle 2, 2013 voting period (i.e., 5411A, 5453). Both ballots failed and will be reballoted in time for adjudication at SEMICON West 2013.
2012Nov #04	Paul Trio	Ask regional SEMI staff to assist in the translation or help identify members who would be able to assist in the translation and proofing of the HEI/LOTO survey and survey responses.	Open. Paul reported that the online survey has been deployed, but translation to local languages has not yet taken place.





7 New Business

7.1 Ballot Authorization

#	When	SC/TF/WG	Details
5590	Cycle 3, 2013	NA EHS Committee, 5-Year Review	Reapproval of SEMI S14-0309, Safety Guidelines for Fire Risk Assessment and Mitigation for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
4316J	Cycle 3, 2013 (or C4-13)	S22 TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment, and SEMI S22, Safety Guideline for the Electrical Design of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment Revisions related to clarifying the FECS criteria of S2 and S22
TBA	Cycle 3, 2013 (or C4-13)	S2 Non- ionizing Radiation TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment Delayed revisions related to non-ionizing radiation
4683C	Cycle 4, 2013	S2 Chemical Exposure TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment Delayed Revisions Related to Chemical Exposure
4449E	Cycle 4, 2013	S2 Ladders & Steps TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Revisions related to stairs, ladders, platforms, and fall protection
5009B	Cycle 4, 2013	Ergonomics TF	Delayed Line Items Revisions to SEMI S8, Safety Guidelines for Ergonomics Engineering of Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
5591	Cycle 4, 2013	International Fire Protection TF	Line Item Revisions to SEMI S2, Environmental, Health, and Safety Guideline for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment. Delayed revisions related to fire code criteria

TBA − to be announced

Motion: NA EHS TC approves distribution of ballots as shown above

By / 2nd: Alan Crockett (KLA-Tencor) / Ron Macklin (Macklin & Associates)

Discussion: None

Vote: 7-0. Motion passed.

7.2 Leadership and Task Force Changes

Group	Previous Leader	New Leader
NA EHS Committee	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	
FPD Safety System Liaison Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Carl Wong (AKT)	
S2 3.3 Limitations Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Lauren Crane (KLA-Tencor)	
	Cliff Greenberg (Nikon)	
S6 Revision Task Force	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	
S13 Support Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	
S22 Revision Task Force	Ed Guild ()	
S25 Revision Support Task Force	This TF has been disbanded.	
	Eric Sklar (Safety Guru)	





Motion: NA EHS TC approves approves leadership and task force changes as shown above.

By / 2nd: Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG) / Bert Planting (ASML)

Discussion: None

Vote: 11-0. Motion passed.

Action Item: 2013Apr #03, Paul Trio to ask Mark Harralson (Intel) whether he wishes to continue serving as MESSC Co-chair (assuming that he is not yet eligible for the "3-strikes rule").

7.3 5-Year Review

Paul Trio reported that SEMI S14 (Safety Guidelines for Fire Risk Assessment and Mitigation for Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment) will soon be due for 5-year review.

Motion: NA EHS TC authorizes reapproval ballot for SEMI S14 for the Cycle 3, 2013 voting period.

By / 2nd: Chris Evanston (Salus) / Ron Macklin (Macklin & Associates)

Discussion: None

Vote: 4-2. Motion passed.

7.4 NA EHS Proposed Meeting Schedule at SEMICON West 2013

North America Standards Meetings at SEMICON West 2013

July 8-11, 2013

San Francisco Marriott Marquis Hotel

55 Fourth Street

San Francisco, California 94103

Monday, July 8

- S22 (Electrical Safety) TF (9:00 AM to 10:30 AM)
- S8 Ergonomics TF (10:30 AM to 12:00 Noon)
- S2 Non-Ionizing Radiation TF (1:00 PM to 2:00 PM)
- S2 Chemical Exposure TF (2:00 PM to 3:30 PM)
- S2 Ladders & Steps TF (3:30 PM to 5:00 PM)
- Seismic Protection Japan TF (5:00 PM to 6:00 PM)

Tuesday, July 9

- [ICRC (8:30 AM to 11:00 AM)]
- S10 Revision Europe TF (11:00 AM to 11:30 AM)
- S1 5-Year Review Discussion (11:30 AM to 12:00 Noon)
- Fail-Safe Fault-Tolerant TF (1:00 PM to 2:00 PM)

Wednesday, July 10

- S2 Machinery Directive Mapping TF (8:00 AM to 9:00 AM)
- MESSC (9:00 AM to 11:00 AM)
- Fire Protection TF (11:00 AM to 12:00 Noon)
- EHS Leadership Meeting (1:00 PM to 2:00 PM)
- S6 Revision TF (2:00 PM to 3:00 PM)
- S23 Revision Japan TF (5:30 PM to 6:30 PM)

Thursday, July 11

- EHS Committee (9:00 AM to 6:00 PM)

For more information about the NA Standards SEMICON West 2013 meetings, please visit: semi.org/standards





So that meeting attendees can plan their travel schedules accordingly, the committee agreed that the last day to make changes to the NA Standards Spring 2013 meeting schedule is May 27, 2013.

7.5 New Action Items

Item #	Assigned to	Details	
2013Apr #01	Paul Trio	Add Alan Crockett to the Facilities Committee distribution list.	
2013Apr #02		Send an email to NA EHS TC members informing them about the Seismic Protection TF activity in Japan and request for participation.	
2013Apr #03	Paul Trio	Ask Mark Harralson (Intel) whether he wishes to continue serving as MESSC Co-chair (assuming that he is not yet eligible for the "3-strikes rule").	

8 Next Meeting and Adjournment

The next meeting of the North America Environmental, Health, and Safety committee is scheduled for July 11 in conjunction with SEMICON West 2013. Adjournment was at 5:50 PM.

Respectfully submitted by:

Paul Trio Senior Manager, Standards Operations SEMI North America Phone: +1.408.943.7041

Email: ptrio@semi.org

Minutes approved by: NA EHS TC Chapter on July 11 in conjunction with SEMICON West 2013.

Chris Evanston (Salus Engineering), Co-chair	
Sean Larsen (Lam Research AG), Co-chair	

Table 6 Index of Available Attachments #1

#	Title	#	Title
01	SEMI Standards Required Meeting Elements	10	4683B LI 1 Compiled Responses
02	NA EHS Fall 2012 Meeting (November 1) Minutes	11	Edited 4683B Ballot
03	Europe EHS Committee Report	12	5000C LI 1 Compiled Responses
04	Japan EHS Committee Report	13	5357A LI 1 Compiled Responses
05	Leadership Report	14	MESSC Report
06	SEMI Staff Report	15	S8 Ergonomics TF Report
07	4613I LI 1 Compiled Responses	16	S23 Revision TF Report
08	5521 Compiled Responses	17	EMC TF Report (NA Metrics)
09	5522 Compiled Responses		

^{#5} Due to file size and delivery issues, attachments must be downloaded separately. A .zip file containing all attachments for these minutes is available at www.semi.org. For additional information or to obtain individual attachments, please contact Paul Trio at the contact information above.